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NEWS AND VIEWS FROM WISCONSIN TROUT UNLIMITED

REFLECTIONS

Winter 1988-89

Jan. '89

From The Chairman

By Dick Wachowski

This column is my last as State Council Chairman. I would like to express my appreciation to all of you who make Trout Unlimited in Wisconsin the dynamic and effective organization that it is. This would seem to be an appropriate time to express my view of the strengths and weaknesses of Trout Unlimited in Wisconsin.

First, I consider Trout Unlimited to be the pre-eminent force in this state regarding stewardship of trout and cold water resources. No other organization has the record and accomplishments that we do. Our views are respected by the DNR and by government bodies. We have proven our primary concern is for the resource, not our rods and creels. I trust that this high level of credibility will continue.

Our record of accomplishments in habitat improvement work is unsurpassed. Full credit for this should go to the chapters, who have demonstrated a devotion and commitment to the resource. There is no question that the individual chapters are the bedrock of Trout Unlimited.

Unfortunately, there are vast areas of improvement. First, our accomplishments and influence do not have the statewide scope they could have. It is my hope that our presence in the Southeastern, Western and Northwestern areas of the state will be enhanced. Rejuvenated chapter activities in Milwaukee, La Crosse and the area from Eau Claire to Superior and Ashland should be a prime focus of Trout Unlimited in the immediate future.

Fund raising can also be improved. Some of our chapters are extremely successful in this area, while other's efforts are woefully inadequate. Money translates into more effective action and further effort should be focused in this direction.

The relationship with the national organization could also need improvement. Trout Unlimited on the national level has made tremendous progress in its cooperative agreements with the U. S. Forest Service, the Bureau of Land Management and Department of the Interior which provide unprecedented opportunities for habitat improvement on federal lands. We in Wisconsin should fully avail ourselves of the opportunities these agreements present.

Trout Unlimited can only reach its full effectiveness if all levels of the organization fully cooperate and work with a common purpose. I hope in the new capacity as Midwest Regional Vice-President I can help facilitate increased cooperation.

One again, thanks to all of you and my congratulations. Hopefully, the future will hold only further accomplishments and increased promise to the integrity of our cold water resources.

Trout Unlimited Involved

State Environmental Groups Meet To Set Agenda for 1989

Leaders of the major conservation/environmental organizations met in the State Capitol on Saturday, Dec. 17th, to formulate plans and discuss issues for the 1989-1990 Wisconsin Legislative session. The meeting was organized by Rep. Spencer Black (D. Madison), chair of the Assembly Natural Resources Committee, and Senator Joe Strohl (D. Racine), majority leader in the State Senate.

Rep. Black began the meeting with a statement that he felt the time was ripe for forging ahead on environmental issues, because public awareness and interest in these issues is at its highest point since the environmental movement began in the 1970's. Black was quite optimistic that the next Legislature could pass some meaningful new laws to protect the environment provided the groups worked cohesively.

Over 50 people were in attendance, with representation from such diverse groups as the Sierra Club, Wisconsin Environmental Decade, Audubon Society, Lake Michigan Federation, Wisconsin Wildlife Federation, Wisconsin Conservation Congress, Izaak Walton League, Trout Unlimited, League of Women Voters, Wisconsin Bear Hunters Association, Wolf River

Lakes and Steams Alliance, and Wisconsin Waterfowlers Association. Trout Unlimited members present that day were Chairman Dick Wachowski, N.E. Regional VP, Mitch Bent (Both representing T.U.), and Dave Ladd of Dodgeville (representing the Conservation Congress).

Through the process of discussion and prioritizing, the individuals in attendance listed there most important issues as thus:

- 1) Wetlands protection (including a "no-net-loss" policy, stronger state controls, and repeal of rules exempting cranberry operations from regulation under chapters 30 and 31 of the State administrative code).
- 2) Increased regulation of water and air toxins with emphasis on source reduction
- 3) (tied with #2) the Stewardship Program for increased funding for wildlife and fish habitat
- 4) support for passage of the Lower Wisconsin River Plan.

These items will be likely the high priority issues for the environmental community during the upcoming Legislative session.

Editor's Note

Because of printer error, this Winter issue of REFLECTIONS has been re-printed to include important Field Reports and other material omitted from the copy you received last week. It also gives us another chance to remind you of the State Banquet on Jan. 21. Hope you can attend and support the continued publishing of REFLECTIONS, and other State Council projects.

Our printer apologizes for any problems this may have caused.

TU Omitted From DNR "NATURAL RESOURCES" List Of Conservation Groups

The December '88 issue of the DNR's Wisconsin NATURAL RESOURCES magazine had a multi-page feature article on the conservation and sports groups of Wisconsin. Literally scores of groups were included ... except Trout Unlimited and its 24 Wisconsin chapters

One can only imagine how this could have happened. How can a most dedicated, group of active conservationists in the state (2,500 strong) be snubbed in this manner? TU donates thousands of hours and thousands of dollars each year to see that our cold water resources are not forgotten. Our reward for this is to be forgotten by the very government agency we support.

The editor said that every effort was made to include all the groups. Those efforts were inadequate. Members may wish to express their feelings on this by contacting the DNR at PO Box 7921, Madison WI 53707.

Letter To The Editor

To the Editor:

For those of us who love to fish for trout, this past year has been most frustrating.

The winter of 1987-1988 with its low water levels wiped out many trout even before the season started, the summer of 1988 with extremes of low water and high temperatures eliminated still more. Clearly, some streams were affected more than others. In my area, the small streams were hit the hardest. Ironically, these are the streams that normally hold the most trout.

This problem is not just ours to deal with, this summers visit to Vermont showed streams either dried up or reduced to a mere trickle. Our Western stated, especially Montana, have a similar problem.

The question before us now is, where do we go from here? Experts say that even with more favorable water levels and temperatures it will take 3 to 5 years for fish populations to rebound. What we do now to assist this process is of great concern.

As I see it the following options are available:

- 1) Reduce bag limits and/or institute no-kill fishing areas.
- 2) Close the affected areas to fishing.
- 3) Stock the streams.

I suppose a fourth option to do nothing is also open, but I do not feel that this option will help the problem.

Option 1 and 2 will not be popular with many anglers. It may not even be popular with the DNR people since it would likely mean a reduction in license and trout stamp revenues. Option 3 will be a tempting one. I suspect our hatchery output is not great enough to stock streams to pre-drought levels even if we wanted to. The danger with option 3 is that the streams hit the hardest tend to be our Class 1 streams or wild trout streams. The prospect of mixing hatchery stock with the remaining wild trout stock is not appealing.

Where do we go from here? For me, this question has another option. If no changes occur in our policy toward trout management, I am left with the option to continue angling in Wisconsin with the prospect of a diminishing angling experience, or to spend more time, and money, in states where one can find more quality in the trout angling experience. In this day of digital fish locator, bottom graphs, and hi-tech boats fishing for walleyes, muskies and Great Lakes lunkers it is easy to overlook our thousands of miles of trout streams. I hope that the power-that-be will not do that.

I feel that stream trout fishing is different than angling for most other species of fish. There is relatively little high-tech equipment involved and the natural beauty of the surroundings where trout live is usually of the highest quality. But we must have trout in a stream for it to be called a trout stream. This brings us back to the start of this discourse. Decisions must be made. Not business as usual, but a program to come of this difficult time with a plan for improvements. Where do we go from here?

Lee Kersten
Box 446
Marion, WI 54950

State Council Banquet Set for January 21

The 6th annual Wisconsin Trout Unlimited Awards & Conservation Banquet is all set to go for Saturday, January 21, at the Paper Valley Hotel & Conference Center, 333 W. College Ave., Appleton. The banquet will culminate a day-long meeting of the Wisconsin T.U. State Council.

The social hour for the banquet will start at 5:00 pm and feature complimentary beer courtesy of Coor's Beer and Kay Distributing of De Pere, along with smoked fish, cheese, and crackers for Ors d'oeuvres. Dinner will consist of sliced roast sirloin of beef, baked potato, green beans almondine, and soup, salad, roll, beverage, and dessert.

Awards will be presented to members of both Trout Unlimited and the general public in recognition for service in the realm of conservation. Over 100 door prizes will be distributed, and there will be both live and silent auctions for a variety of items including limited edition art prints, custom-made rods and nets, songbird carvings, home-made quilts, sets of fine Wisconsin-tied flies, and "Aldo Leopold" bench, original artwork, and much more.

Chance events will be held for items ranging from gas and charcoal grills, a JIFFY ice auger, Hummingbird portable fish locator, ladies diamond pendant/necklace, JVC VCR, to \$100 in cash, a Caddis float tube, Emerson stereo equipment, Olympus 35mm camera, Marathon waders, and more. Special chance events will be held for rods like St. Croix "noodle" rods and muskie rod, LamiGlas backpacker fly rod, Orvis Spring Creek rod, and custom rods; also, fine firearms from Remington, Daly, Marlin, and Ruger will be on hand.

A new and unique chance event will be held for a Sylvania 26" console color TV with wireless remote, 5-yr. parts and labor warranty, and remote unit that operates your TV and VCR together.

Tickets for this event are \$25.00 each or \$45.00 couple, and can be ordered by using the ticket order form included in this newsletter. PLEASE NOTE: only 10-15 tickets will be available at the door that evening for late-comers. Last year, we had to turn folks away because they didn't order on time.

We urge you to avoid delay and get your tickets now. Send your ticket order to: Mitch Bent 1282 Monterey Trail De Pere WI 54115, or call at (414) 336-4983. Don't delay! Order TODAY!!

Green Bay Chapter

Presents Its

14th Annual Banquet

Saturday March 11, 1989

Embassy Suites - Green Bay

Cocktails 5:30, Dinner 6:30

Price \$20

Special Guest Speaker

Robert Herbst

National TU Executive Director

Contact

Gary Stoychoff
1326 14th Ave.
Green Bay 54304
414-499-5307

New Reduced Advertising Rates for REFLECTIONS

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Antigo Chapter of Trout Unlimited

Presents Its

Annual Fund Raising Banquet

Riverside Country Club

Saturday, April 1, 1989
5:30 p.m.

Contact Scott Henricks at
213 Mary St., Antigo 54409 (715) 623-3867
for ticket information.

Order Form

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Thanks for Supporting Wisconsin Trout Unlimited

Rebirth of The Wolf River?

Because a river the size of the Wolf ages, reducing the number of deep holes to hold and winter trout, the DNR is ready to do in-bed stream improvement work, digging many deep holes and creating islands with the spoil to reduce the shallow water surface areas and to speed the flow. A meeting was held on Saturday Dec. 10th, 2 pm at the Wolf River Town Hall at Langlade, to generate support for the project. For if we don't take this rare opportunity to improve trout fishing, Who Will?

Trout Need More Clout at Fish & Game Hearings

A possible method of assisting the DNR in its proposal to use sizes and limits as a trout management tool is splitting the annual Fish and Game Hearings, held each April, into two meetings. I was able to become a delegate to the Wisconsin Conservation Congress, and I learned that the County hearings were (at least up north) dominated by the hound dog hunters who turned out to control the hearings. That is why they got what they wanted for bear hunting. But when the fish questions came up they tabled them because they weren't interested and just wanted to get the meeting over. I feel there are so many important questions which deserve serious consideration it cannot be done in a one night meeting. If we continue as in the past, trout proposals will get no where. If we want one night for hunting and trapping regulations and another night for fishing regulations it may be possible if enough of us write to request it. Write to: Mr. Roger Britton, Chairman, WCC Executive Council, Box 177, Durand, WI. 54736. Then, if we get a fish meeting, we must all turn out for it.

Herbert Buettner, Pres.
Wolf River Chapter TU
715-882-8612

Wolf River Fly Shop

LANGLADE, WI 54491
715-882-5941

Fly Fishing & Tying Supplies

Open April 15th-August 1st

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by Dave Ruetz

(Western Guide/Aquatic Biologist)

June 10 & 11, 1989-Limited Enrollment

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Glendale, WI 53209

REFLECTIONS

is the official publications of the Wisconsin Council of Trout Unlimited, a non-profit, volunteer, conservation organization. All correspondence should be sent to: REFLECTIONS, John H. Cantwell, Editor, 2286 Mt. Olive Dr., Green Bay WI 54313. Subscription included in membership to Trout Unlimited. Send change of address to Trout Unlimited, Membership, 501 Church St. NE, Vienna, VA 22180.

We're going to hire our volunteers to help TU double in size in Two Months!!!

Watch you mailboxes! During January, every TU member will receive information about our **DOUBLE DAYS** program- an opportunity for TU to double in size in just 2 months. and we're going to pay our temporary staff members-**YOU-\$5.00** for each new, regular (\$20) member you recruit during **DOUBLE DAYS!**

There's more... as an added bonus, for each new member you recruit under DOUBLE DAYS, we'll enter your name in one of four remarkable grand prizes New Zealand, Alaska, West Yellowstone, or guided fishing.

Recruit a new TU member and increase our **CLOUT FOR TROUT**: earn money for yourself, your chapter or your council: and increase your chance of winning a fabulous prize!

For more information call Wendy Newman at 703-281-1100

6th Annual Wisconsin State Council of Trout Unlimited Awards & Conservation Banquet Saturday, January 21, 1989

The Paper Valley Hotel & Conference Center
333 West College Avenue
Appleton, WI

- Many fine Door Prizes
- Wide Array of Great Raffle Items
- Exceptional Auction Pieces
- Firearms
- Fishing Gear
- Custom Rods

Social Hour at 5 p.m., including complimentary beer and hors d'oeuvres.

Dinner at 6:30 p.m., including roast sirloin of beef, potato, salad, vegetable, roll, beverage & dessert.

Ticket Prices: \$25 each or \$45 per couple. See accompanying form to order your tickets.

See you there!

Yes!!! I want to attend the 6th Annual Wisconsin Trout Unlimited Awards & Conservation Banquet on Saturday, January 21, 1989, at the Paper Valley Hotel & Conference Center in Appleton, WI. My ticket order is listed below.

Single tickets @ \$25 each: _____

Couple tickets @ \$45 per couple: _____

Total Amount Remitted: _____

In addition, I wish to make the following donation to the State Council Banquet: _____

Name: _____

Street: _____

City/State/Zip: _____

Send all ticket orders to: Mitch Bent
1282 Monterey Trail
De Pere, WI 54115
414-336-4983

Make checks or money orders payable to Trout Unlimited

REPORTS FROM THE FIELD

Marinette County Chapter

The Marinette County Chapter has resumed its fall and winter meeting schedule and we are planning several interesting programs. Members are urged to look over their monthly chapter bulletins and show your support by attending meetings.

Our 6th Annual Banquet will be April 3rd at the Dome in Marinette. Tickets are \$20.00 and may be ordered from George Bereza, 1205 Currie St., Marinette, WI 54143. Many new features are planned and an excellent prize selection is shaping up.

Plans for our Winter Sports Show are underway. It will be in late February or early March. Groups or persons interested in participating should contact Dale Lange at 582-4172 or 735-9361.

Southern Wisconsin Chapter

Our annual Awards Banquet was held on December 13th. Those chapter members honored were Steve Born, past president after three years of outstanding service; Terry Cummings for Education; Dave Graczyk for Service; Bob Zimmerman, the Gold Net Award for project work; Wyatt Repavich, Lon Koykkari, and Carl Bradley for Fly Tying Instruction. Also honored were Walter Smith Dennis Franke, Tom Parker, Fontana Sporting Goods and the Mount Horeb Emergency Medical Service.

A task force has been formed to promote the passage of the DNR Proposed Trout Regulation. These group will actively support the passage of these much needed changes to include various publicity efforts and the encouraging all members to attend Public Hearing in April.

Our chapter recently donated \$500 to the DNR to help purchase property on the headwaters of the Chafee Creek in Central Wisconsin.

Our Project Committee will gather soon to determine the direction of next year's projects.

Wisconsin River Valley

During 1988, the chapter put in approximately 310 man-hours on the following projects --fencing on the Little Trappe River, fencing on Kubick's Creek, and cleaning a manure spill on Haltinner Brook. Chapter members also spent about 20 hours doing reconnaissance on streams for beaver dams and obtaining beaver structure removal permits.

S. E. Wisconsin Chapter

Our Chapter will be hosting a meeting for interested trout anglers and conservationists. We have invited several DNR Fish Managers from around the state to present their views on the proposed new trout fishing regulations. They will also answer questions on this and other topics. The chapter feels this type of open forum will educate the public and perhaps encourage anglers to attend the Spring Hearings in April.

The meeting will be held at 7:30 p.m. on January 31, 1989 at Holiday Inn, Hwy 100 & I-94 West Allis, in the Superior - Michigan room. Questions: contact Larry Wirth, 414-662-4214 evenings.

Wolf River Chapter

The Wolf River Chapter, the first organized Chapter of TU In Wisconsin, held its first conservation banquet on Sat. Oct. 15th, at the Wild Wolf Inn. We extend sincere thanks to Jim Bereza and Jerry Chevalier of the Marinette Chapter and to Mitch Bent of the Green Bay Chapter for the advise and council they gave us in organizing the banquet and to the Chapter, and TU members and friends who attended. It was a financial success beyond our expectations.

We at TU have a rare opportunity to undertake a tremendous project with the DNR, which may, in five years, make the Wolf River the famous brook trout river it was forty years ago. The feeder streams in which the brook trout spawn are badly clogged with beaver dams including the Nine Mile Creek and the Lily River. We hope to have the beaver removed from all feeders up to Hollister by next fall. That includes the Nine Mile, which once was a prime cold feeder and an important spawning and reproduction stream for the Wolf.

Antigo Chapter

Working in conjunction with the Antigo Area DNR crew, the Antigo Chapter put out quite a load of work this summer. On two separate stretches of the East Branch of the Eau Claire River north of Antigo, the chapter spent over \$14,000 on intensive stream improvements. A one-quarter mile section of stream along River Road had 8 new wing dam and boom cover devices installed, and along a section of stream flowing through leased land near Ackley Road, the chapter had 13 such devices put in. The improvements provided immediate benefits to the stream, which was hard-hit by the severe drought, like so many streams in the area. Observations by chapter members and DNR found that the brook trout took to these improvements right away, and, in some instances, they were the only areas of the river holding any number of trout.

Plans are under way for the annual chapter banquet in April, which is always a sell out and a good time.

Green Bay Chapter

The Green Bay Chapter has joined forces with the Forest Service to improve trout habitat in the Nicolet National Forest. The Chapter has appropriated \$2000 for use in the Forest Service Challenge Grant program. The funds will be used for habitat work on Forbes Creek and Hills Pond Creek in Oconto County.

Work on the 1989 Green Bay Chapter banquet is well under way. The banquet is moving to downtown Green Bay's Embassy Suites, where we can accommodate our patrons in a finer facility. The ticket price remains at \$20, and we are making every effort to put together our finest array of prizes.

Tickets can be ordered from Gary Stoychoff, 1326 14th Ave., Green Bay WI 54304.

Northeast Region

Much has been going on that pertains to the trout resources of the Northeast. In mid-October, Mitch Bent attended a hearing in Rhinelander regarding upgrading the status of certain rivers under the "Anti-degradation" rules (NR 207) being put forth by DNR. Herb Buettner of the Wolf River Chapter and Harley Erbs of Northwoods Chapter also attended the meeting. While the prime focus of the hearing was to discuss the list of rivers being considered for upgrading under NR 207, much of the discussion centered on concerns over the lack of ultimate protection for the Upper Wolf River and its tributaries. DNR had been reluctant to list the Upper Wolf and its tributaries as "Outstanding Resource Waters" because of fear

6th Annual Marinette County Chapter Banquet

April 3rd, 1989
Dome Cabaret
in Marinette

Many new features and an excellent prize selection are promised. All members in NE Wisconsin are invited to attend.

Tickets are \$20.00
and may be ordered from George Bereza,
1205 Currie St., Marinette, WI 54143.

of one or two legislators from the northern part of the state who were being influenced by outside economic interests (Exxon Minerals) and local investors who have money tied up in the potential mining operation for the zinc-copper ore body near Crandon. Buettner and Bent along with Bob Schmitz of the Wolf River Watershed Alliance, berated DNR for their unwillingness to protect this outstanding river resource from pollution.

The next day, Bent was in Oconto to attend a public hearing on the petition from Oconto County to withdraw 80 acres from the Machickanee Forest Unit of the Oconto County Forest for use as a solid waste landfill site. Except for county personnel such as the County Board Chairman and a few others, all in attendance opposed turning that site into a garbage pit. Trout Unlimited's concern in this situation was over several points. The proposed waste disposal site would be located a mere one-half mile from Brehmer Creek, a small but productive Class 1 trout creek in the heart of the Machickanee. Groundwater flows in that area all tend toward the creek, and, if the disposal site should ever leak (and there never has been a site that did not eventually leak), the contamination would enter Brehmer Creek. Also, Brehmer Creek is tributary to the lower Oconto River/Machickanee Flowage, where the state has put more than \$500,000 into river restoration and water quality upgrading since the Scott Paper Company mill in Oconto Falls shut down its pulping operation years ago.

In November, Bent traveled to Madison for a meeting with DNR budget personnel and leaders of the Wisconsin Wildlife Federation. He heard discussion of anticipated deficits in the DNR Fish & Game fund due to several items, including the recent un-budgeted purchase of the Chippewa Flowage ("Big Chip") from Northern States Power Company and the extra funds that were needed to pay for state warden time during the spring walleye spearing done by Chippewa Indian tribal members in northern Wisconsin. There were a lot of other reasons for the proposed budget deficit, though, including some rather poor projections of anticipated revenues. To offset this projected deficit, DNR is seeking a \$1.00 increase in hunting and fishing licenses starting next season. Unlike other times when they supported such DNR requests, groups like the Federation and the Conservation Congress are balking at this move, because license fees were suppose to be raised only every four years, and the last increase was in 1987. Because of the reluctance of these groups to bow to DNR wishes, upper echelon staff is planning some typical bureaucratic budget cuts if their fee increase is rejected. Two of the moves are to decrease the number of conservation wardens and to zero-budget the beaver control program. Bent informed the DNR budget people that those cuts would be fought vigorously.

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NEWS AND VIEWS FROM WISCONSIN TROUT UNLIMITED

REFLECTIONS

Spring 89

April 24 Conservation Hearings TU members' chance to vote 'yes' on new regulations

From the Chairman

by Dick Kraus

The purpose of Trout Unlimited is to "preserve, protect, and to enhance the coldwater fishery of North America." There are several major threats to our trout and salmon fishery today. Acid rain and the Green House Effect are just two of the more notable. These threats are beyond the scope of the individual, a Chapter or even a State Council. To be sure, we are concerned about them and will continue to encourage and support out TU and Government leaders at the National level to attack and solve these problems.

Meanwhile, there are many problems that we can impact right here in Wisconsin. Some of our local problems are the continuing drought, stream habitat loss, water quality degradation and the quality of our trout fishing.

It's too early to predict whether or not we will have another low water year in Wisconsin. Much depends on the spring and summer rains. Last summer the State Council adopted a position asking the Governor not to extend the emergency irrigation act that was implemented to help save crops. We will be watching closely to determine if our trout streams are being jeopardized again this year and will act accordingly.

Stream habitat loss is occurring through increased beaver activity, Alder encroachment and poor land timber use. This is one area that we really can and have made a difference. Stream improvement projects are highly visible ways that we can positively impact our trout streams today.

As you are probably aware Wisconsin Trout Unlimited has been working with the DNR to redesign the inland trout fishing regulations. Wisconsin has long been a national leader in stream improvement techniques and we should be proud of DNR and TU Chapters that have spent so much time and money to make Wisconsin a better place to fish.

Wisconsin is blessed with good supplies of clean cold water. We now have the technology to turn marginal trout water into good trout water and to turn good trout water into excellent trout water.

continued on p. 5

The Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources fishery managers are proposing to change statewide trout fishing regulations.

"I view this as the single most important thing to improve trout fishing in the entire history of trout management in Wisconsin," said Larry Claggett, DNR trout specialist, in a letter to a TU member.

It is crucial that the proposed regulations be approved at the conservation hearings in April. Local effort by members of Trout Unlimited will be the key. "A large part in whether these regulations are passed will be what TU does," said Claggett.

Members are encouraged to become well informed and show approval of the rules at the annual spring Conservation Congress hearings on Monday, April 24 in each county of the state.

The proposed regulations have been endorsed by the Trout Committee of the Conservation Congress and the Izaak Walton League. TU's involvement is necessary to insure the approval of these rules.

The DNR, state fishing managers and several studies agree that if regulations are changed to the new proposed rules, trout fishing could improve.

The DNR's proposal would divide streams into five categories based on trout growth rates, trout reproductive success, fishing pressure, location in a watershed, habitat, long-term fish survival, water quality and other factors.

Classifying streams this way statewide would make it possible for fishery biologists to manage streams for specific types of trout fishing.

In small headwater streams crowded with native brook trout, size limits that exist now would be removed because the streams can sustain healthy fisheries even with added fishing pressure. Anglers who like to fish brookies and keep smaller fish to eat would probably want to fish these streams.

In medium-sized streams, which make up the bulk of Wisconsin's trout waters, size limits would be slightly increased and bag limits decreased so anglers could harvest a maximum weight of fish. Size limits would be higher on stocked streams that are fished a lot and where trout grow fast.

On a number of larger streams that have habitat for large fish and where trout grow well, a 12-inch length limit for brown trout and 8-inch limit for brook trout would be used to provide catch or harvest of larger trout.

For anglers who fish for sport rather than

food, portions of some large, productive streams would be subject to bait and catch-and-release restrictions so trout could grow to trophy sizes.

The season on streams, spring ponds and most lakes would continue to be the first Saturday in May through Sept. 30. The early season would continue in eight southwestern counties and an extended season would continue on some lakes.

These regulations will create an opportunity to restore Wisconsin's quality trout fishing.

According to an article published in *The Milwaukee Journal*, the proposed regulations "seemed to be about as easy to read as a tax form." But, these regulations are no more complicated than those in other leading trout fishing states that have recognized the need for tailored regulations.

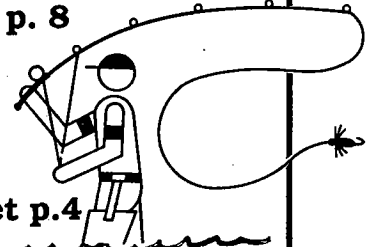
If the proposed regulations are "approved by the State Conservation Congress in April and then by the state Natural Resource Board, the new system will be in effect for the 1990 fishing season," according to the Special Fishing Regulations Committee of the Wisconsin State Council of Trout Unlimited.

The DNR is proposing to change the state's trout fishing regulations as a response to demand from anglers. Anglers requesting these changes want to catch bigger fish and want a greater variety of trout fishing experiences.

Chapter reports p. 6

Directory & Coming
Events p. 8

Awards
Banquet p. 4





Mike Isbell (left), a sporting goods manager in Milwaukee, accepts a counter top Membership Display from State Membership Chairman, Len Cederholm.

Northeast region meets at Langlade

All chapters in the Northeast Region were present and fully represented at the Wisconsin Trout Unlimited Northeast Regional meeting. The meeting was held on Saturday, Dec. 3 at Buettner's Wild Wolf Inn.

Mitch Bent of the Green Bay Chapter was re-elected for a second one-year term as Regional Vice-President.

The regional reps discussed a variety of issues that day. The DNR Disabled Advisory Council is seeking financial support for a disabled person's fishing dock on Elvov Springs in Northern Forest County (the spring was recently dredged this past summer). TU was asked for interest in financing the project, and the Northwoods Chapter will stay in touch with the DNR and Forest service personnel to get details on funding requirements.

Wisconsin River Valley Chapter members reported on the status of the Prairie Dells Dam issue on the Prairie River near Merrill and the newly-enacted gravel pit mining regulations in Marathon County. A court review of the abandonment order on the Dells dam is pending, and the region was told that a favorable opinion is expected.

The Marathon County non-metallic mining regulations are the first of their kind in the state at addressing the problems associated with gravel pit operations, and may serve as a model for other counties in the state to follow.

Oneida County is rumored to be considering such rules for pits in their county.

Beaver control was an important topic discussed, with members describing the problems of beaver over-population in their areas. It was also told to the group that DNR planned to axe the beaver control budget if its request for license fee increases was denied.

The Regional reps spent considerable time going over the DNR proposed trout angling rules. Feelings varied greatly on this. Some supported the proposed rules, whereas some had no position and others only tentatively supported the proposal.

In the afternoon, the region was privileged to hear from DNR fish managers Max Johnson (Antigo), Lloyd "Duke" Andrews (Woodruff), and Russ Heizer (Marinette) on topics ranging from beaver control, to the impact of the 1988 drought of regional trout populations, to potential projects for chapters to work on and cooperate with.

Don Hair, the new fishery biologist for the Nicolet National Forest was present and gave a review of the "Challenge Grant" program that the U.S. Forest Service has in place to provide co-operative funding between the Service and groups like Trout Unlimited, Ruffed Grouse Society, Ducks Unlimited, Wisconsin Waterfowlers' Association, etc., for habitat improvement projects.

Dam Right or Dam Wrong?

Review of hydrodam licenses offers the potential for significant changes in the ways rivers are managed for fish, wildlife, recreation, and hydropower.

by **Mark Peterson**

Reprinted from *Horizons*, Sigurd Olson Environmental Institute, Northland College, Ashland, Wisconsin. Late Winter 1989.

A unique and, possibly, once-in-a-lifetime opportunity is being presented to the American people. They have the ability to reset the course of much of the country's rivers. Hydropower dams built in the 1930's and 1940's were assigned licenses for a usual time period of 50 years. Many of these licenses are due to be reviewed in the next ten years.

Soon governmental agencies and the public will be reviewing how well many of our dammed rivers have been managed since these dams were constructed. The process has important implications for the future use and quality of rivers in the upper midwest, as well as the rest of the nation.

The comprehensive review is triggered by the Federal Power Act of 1920. "Congress wrote this law with the philosophy that rivers are public resources and should be managed for the public good," says John Echeverria, director for American Rivers' Center for Hydropower Policy. "But Congress also wanted to attract private money to develop river resources for beneficial purposes. Those competing interests--- trying to get private money for building hydrodams while promoting a degree of public control---were resolved through the device of a limited license."

Here's how it works. Under this license arrangement, the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) grants a hydrodam developer (typically a utility company) a license to build and operate a dam for a usual time period of 50 years. During this period, the operators can recover their investment and make a profit. In 50 years the license expires. The public then has the right to reassert its authority and determine how the river should be managed. The end result could be that the business is relicensed for another 30-50 years, or that the license goes to a new owner who will manage the operations of the dam more in accord with the public's wishes. A third option for FERC would be to issue the license for a non-power project, such as managing a reservoir for recreational uses, but not for generating electricity.

River Enhancement

In 1986, Congress passed revisions to the Federal Power Act, called The Electric Consumers Protection Act (EPCA), which requires FERC to give equal consideration to fish, wildlife, recreation, and environmental values while continuing to insure optimum power generation. This is a departure from previous policy and creates new opportunities for public involvement in multiple use management of the nation's rivers.

"This is an exciting time that constitutes an important opportunity for the public to evaluate the use of our nation's water resources," says Lee Emery of FERC. "These projects were built 50 years ago with different environmental attitudes. We now have the opportunity to evaluate how we want these resources managed for today." While only rivers with dams will be affected, this represents a large number of rivers. Fully 30 percent of the nation's relicensing activity will take place in seven midwestern states, with only the northeastern U.S. having more relicensing activity. In Wisconsin, 44 licenses will expire by 1998, 25 in Michigan and eight in Minnesota. Many other projects in these states are operating without a license and these, too, must file for a license.

John Echeverria believes competition for these licenses will be in the public interest. "If two developers are competing for the same hydrodam renewal license, we expect that they will each try to gain support of the environmental community by offering better opportunities than their competitor for fish and wildlife improvements," he says.

"These projects were built 50 years ago with different environmental attitudes. We now have the opportunity to evaluate how we want these resources managed for today."

—Lee Emery, FERC

River enhancement will most likely occur in this process through negotiations between a license holder and state and federal agencies. Agencies can insist on improvements such as increasing water flow to improve fish habitat or building a passageway allowing fish to migrate past the dam.

One problem has been that fish are killed as they pass through a hydrodam's turbines. "perhaps we can find a solution to preventing these fish kills through the relicensing negotiations," says Bob Krska, FERC coordinating officer for the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service.

The public will also be encouraged to recommend mitigation measures that would offset a project's impact. The boating public could suggest recreational improvements, such as: constructing new sanitary facilities, trails or wayside exhibits with interpretive brochures; having the licensee sponsor whitewater races and agreeing to providing water releases on certain days for more challenging river flows.

To become involved in the hydrodam relicensing process, Einar Olson of the National Park Service's River Unit has this suggestion. "Find out who is the hydropower coordinator in your state DNR. Let them know which river is of interest to you and maintain a close liaison with them so you can learn of the process and deadlines that will be followed."

Hydrodam operators must notify FERC of its relicensing intentions at least 60 months (five years) before the license expires. At that time, the public has access to the license holders files regarding finances and operations. Consultations will normally begin at that time between the agencies involved and the licensee to determine how the operations can be improved and what studies need to be conducted. Then, 22 months before the license expiration date, FERC decides whether the application is acceptable and, if so, how and when public views will be heard.

What changes the relicensing process will bring to our rivers in this region one can only guess. But one thing is certain: this opportunity for public input comes but once every 50 years.

REFLECTIONS

is the official publication of the Wisconsin Council of Trout Unlimited. Contributions are welcomed and encouraged. Submit articles and non-returnable photos to the editor for consideration.

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Fly tying and fish tales reel in community

Buzz Butters

TU Central Wisconsin member

Little time for Central Wisconsin chapter members is left to relax with other members and talk about fishing and tie flies after the normally scheduled events.

Dave Johnson, Central Wisconsin Chapter Board Member, thought that members should have the opportunity to meet, tie some flies for the upcoming season and talk some serious trout fishing. So a chapter fun day was organized.

Notices were sent to all chapter members and printed in area newspapers. The fly tying fun day was Sunday, Feb. 12 at Tilly's Bar in Wautoma.



Expert fly tier, Gene West gives pointers during Fly Tying Fun Day.

Fifteen members came to tie flies. But to the organizers' surprise, an additional 20 people showed up just to watch and join in on the conversations. Fathers brought their sons, flyfishermen came with questions, and some non-members attended because of their curiosity.

The abundant knowledge of fly tying by the members was appreciated. Members often referred answer seekers to the "expert" of the specific pattern they requested. The members then demonstrated the pattern and gave the sample to the onlookers at no charge.

The event ended up not only being an enjoyable time for all but also a great opportunity to enhance public relations.

New techniques were learned and new friends were made. It was a great success.

TU members will miss him

Fishermen, conservationists, friends and family grieved when, last March, Vern Hacker lost his battle against cancer.

Hacker worked 34 years for the Department of Natural Resources as a fish biologist and retired in 1984. Among other things, he helped introduce the state to modern biological techniques for trout stream management, lake trout management in Green Lake, and rough fish control.

He was also well-known for his work in rehabilitating lakes through chemical treatments.

He spent most of his years in the Oshkosh office of the DNR. He served as the DNR's warmwater fish liaison to the Conservation Congress, and served as executive director of the Inland Commercial Fisheries Association. When he retired, he received the Governor's Special Award and a citation from the Wisconsin Assembly.

TU's GB Chapter funds trout movement study

The Green Bay Chapter of Trout Unlimited funded a study to determine movement patterns of stream trout in the Beaver Creek system in southern Marinette County.

This investigation started in the spring of last year and will continue through the upcoming winter. Some very interesting data has been collected to date.

Six adult brown trout were implanted with small radio tags last April and May. These fish were originally caught in the Peshtigo River near the mouth of the Beaver, or just upstream from the mouth in the main Beaver Creek itself.

As water temperatures warmed in the spring these fish moved upstream into the North Branch of the Beaver. Some moved as far as six miles to get into their "summer habitat."

Most of these fish showed little movement throughout the summer months, but as fall approached upstream movement to spawning areas were detected.

Additional brown trout were being radio tagged last fall on the spawning grounds, so their movements could be tracked during the winter months.

During the course of the survey work on the Beaver Creek system, the DNR has put small plastic tags on nearly 500 brown and brook trout. When these fish are recaptured in subsequent surveys, the information will be added to that obtained from the radio tagged fish to help clarify the knowledge of trout movement patterns in this system.

If anglers catch any of these tagged trout, they are asked to return the tag along with information on where the fish was caught and length to the DNR office in Marinette.

In addition to looking at the movement of trout within this system, the DNR is also continually monitoring water temperatures at six sites in the watershed and checking on water levels throughout the systems to see if these factors play any role in the movement of trout.

The information gained from studies of this nature will help the DNR in providing better trout fishing in the future. The knowledge of trout movement is needed when considering stocking plans, proposing new regulations, and determining where to do habitat improvement projects and what type of improvement or protection of the trout habitat is necessary.

Stewardship Fund keeps Wisconsin a leader

Representative Sponsoring Black

Chair of Natural Resource Committee

Whether we are canoeing a pristine river, biking a trail through rolling countryside, or hiking in a state park, we Wisconsinites can't help but feel a sense of pride in our state. But the truth is, if we want to protect Wisconsin's natural beauty and recreational resources, we have some serious work to do.

For many years Wisconsin was a national leader in preserving our natural resources. This leadership was due to the foresight of Governors Gaylord Nelson and Warren Knowles who established and expanded the Outdoor Recreation Action Program. ORAP set aside a portion of the state budget for outdoor recreation and the preservation of environmentally sensitive lands. Unfortunately, ORAP was repealed in the 1987 budget.

In terms of real dollars, Wisconsin is now investing only one third as much in protecting our land, water and wildlife as we did during the 1960's. Ironically, as Wisconsin has wavered in its traditional commitment to the outdoors, many other states have emulated ORAP and pursued its goals with new vigor.

While Wisconsin is a beautiful state with great natural diversity, the landscape has changed dramatically since settlement began 150 years ago. Wisconsin has already lost 80 percent of its original wetlands, 99 percent of its native prairies, 99 percent of its oak savannas, and 60 percent of its southern hardwood forests. Our wetlands are declining at a 10 percent annual rate. In the last decade alone, Wisconsin has lost 10 percent of its prime natural areas.

Last summer the Legislature created the Special Committee on Natural and Recreational Resources to investigate ways to protect Wisconsin's remaining natural areas and wildlife habitat. As Chair of that Committee, I recently proposed the Stewardship Fund--a ten year, \$33.7 million dollar a year reinvestment in Wisconsin's natural resources. The Fund is a long term commitment to protecting wildlife habitat, important natural areas, and recreational opportunity in our state. On Jan. 18, the Special Committee endorsed the Fund. It will soon be considered by the full Legislature.

The Fund will annually spend:

*\$15 million for land acquisition, including \$12 million for existing parks, forests, and wildlife areas and \$3 million for new projects such as

the Lower Wisconsin River.

*\$5.1 million for an urban green space program involving a one-to-one state match with local governments. Eligible projects would include greenbelts, urban gardens, trails, environmental corridors.

*\$4.5 million for state parks maintenance and development, with special concentration on completing emergency maintenance for our state park system.

*\$2.5 million for ten target wildlife habitat restoration areas, particularly prairies and wetlands, to restore declining populations of grassland nesting birds, waterfowl, and warm water fish.

*\$2.1 million to protect 16,000 acres for rare plants and animals in 200 key natural areas.

*\$2.0 million for trails, including completion of Ice Age Trail, new bike trails, and matching funds for bridle trails and ski trails.

*\$2.0 million to protect 3000 miles of fragile stream bank habitat through the use of buffer strips.

*\$1/2 million to promote increased environmental education in the state.

The Stewardship fund is designed to make our conservation dollars go further by encouraging the activities of private organizations and local governments, and complementing existing federal and state programs. While land acquisition will remain a key component of the program, other less expensive methods, such as conservation easements, will be the mainstay of the program. All told, the Fund will leverage an additional \$20 million a year in federal, local and private money.

Wisconsin has a proud conservation tradition. From pioneers such as Aldo Leopold and John Muir, to visionary public leaders such as Governors Gaylord Nelson and Warren Knowles, to thousands of Wisconsin citizens who share the conservation ethic, our state has shown that stewardship is a way of life. The Stewardship Fund carries on that tradition into the next century.



True Fish Tales

Professor hooks up 'Limey' trout

Fishing in Britain found different than in U.S.

Brenda K. Taylor
Senior, UW-Green Bay
Assistant Editor, Reflections

"What did I do with them? let them go," said Donald Larmouth, Dean of Arts, Sciences and Graduate

programs and professor of Communications and the Arts at the University of Wisconsin, Green Bay.

"I had to write an apologetic note in the angler's log. It's simply not done in the British Isles. But I did it anyway because I had no place to take the fish and it just didn't seem right."

Larmouth, an avid fisherman, has fished all over the world. "My wife was distressed that I stashed some fishing tackle in the trunk of our Volkswagen when we went on our honeymoon," said Larmouth. "It's not true that every vacation has included fishing, but I can't remember one that hasn't."

He fished the Itchen and Test Rivers in England for trout. Though the basics were the same, some new techniques were required and the management styles were a bit different.

There is an enormous amount of lore associated with British fishing and not so much scientific knowledge, according to Larmouth. "They know how to do it because they worked with people who knew how to do it. There is a great amount of competence derived from long experience."

There is also a deep taproot of how to manage their resource. British theories are very different from theories in the United States, said Larmouth.

The water management is entirely the responsibility of the estate owners. The fish belong to the landowner. "If he screws up his management, there are no fish and his resource is down the tubes," said Larmouth.

Great Britain doesn't have a DNR in the same sense that the Wisconsin does. These are private waters and they have been for several hundred years.

Larmouth told of a classic example. Bernard Aldrich is a riverkeeper on the private Test River.

Aldrich manages a six-mile stretch of the Test and has done so for 30 years. He was an apprentice under another man who managed the same stretch for 50 years. They were in the employ of the estate as a gardener or a steward would be.

Aldrich knew every "decent lie" of trout on Larmouth's beat. They walked the half mile stretch and Aldrich pointed out the "name and address of every trout in the stretch." It is assumed he knew the rest of his six miles of the river equally well.

Aldrich also was responsible for the management of two lakes on the estate for coarse fishing (pike and roach). The lakes earn more money than the streams according to Aldrich.

"For the most part, Brits are not trout fishermen," said Larmouth. "And they don't think much of grayling. They're not as spectacular as the grayling I've caught in Alaska."

European grayling have a large dorsal fin, but are not as colorful as those found in Alaska.

The Itchen has brown trout and grayling.

"I could see the grayling and made a point of fishing for them because I had never caught a European grayling," said Larmouth. He managed to catch two.

The brown trout are the indigenous trout and they were quite different from those caught in the United States, explained Larmouth.

"They were certainly the same fish, but they were more brightly colored and they had fewer and larger spots, especially the larger fish," he said, "much like the ones I've seen photographs of from New Zealand."

"They're very handsome fish. Not to say

American brown trout are not handsome. I was struck by the difference in the colors." Larmouth further explains, "This was in the middle of the summer. It wasn't near spawning season or anything like that."

European brown trout have a russet overlay.

"They were tough. The first three I hooked motored through the weeds and broke me off," said Larmouth.

Larmouth was struck by the fact that the British fishermen used much heavier tackle than he did. They were using either eight or nine weight fly rods.

"The kind of thing I would use for steelhead," Larmouth said. "I realized very quickly why they were doing that. A four-pound brown trout can tear some line off the reel then plow into some weeds. There's no way you're going to get him out of there."

British fishermen spend their money primarily on two things: good tackle and access.

"You pay whatever the landowner decides you'll pay, whether you are fishing for a day or leasing a beat for some greater part of the season," said Larmouth.

Landowners lease "beats," a half mile stretch of water, on trout streams in England.

"I met two people on the Test. One was an engineer and the other was a business manager. They were not aristocrats. They had the beat below me. They leased it together," Larmouth explained. "I have no idea what that cost. For a tourist fishermen like myself it was \$85 a day. I'm sure it's cheaper if you lease for a longer period."

Larmouth's beats were leased through a tackle shop in Winchester called The Rod Box.

"That \$85 gave me a half mile of river all to myself. Well, not quite in the case of the Itchen," Larmouth said.

It seems that a man had a "half rod alternate Sundays." This allowed the other fisherman to fish on the same beat Larmouth had leased, every other Sunday.

"The Test and Itchen have been trout streams since the days of Izaak Walton and before," said Larmouth. "So these rivers have been in private ownership and they probably look pretty much as they did 300 years ago."

The landowners employ people to cut the weeds, maintain the trout population and maintain water quality.

"The streams are in magnificent condition," Larmouth said, "and so are the trout."

On the Itchen, the water was so clear that Larmouth picked out the exact fish he wanted to cast to.

"They don't have catch and release policies--in fact, quite the opposite. They want you to kill the fish," said Larmouth.

The weeds are cut along the banks. The rivers are kept well manicured. The water is very alkaline so it has a lot of weeds and bugs.

"The fish for the most part are native fish. There are a few places where they keep rainbows in ponds. They call them stews. There they grow to enormous sizes," Larmouth said.

Larmouth caught three rainbows on the Itchen between nine and ten inches. That day there had been a sign posted at the fishing hut near his beat. The sign encouraged fishermen to "kill all rainbows regardless of size."

Apparently one of the stews in which rainbows had been held had flooded into the Itchen.

It is very clear from all the research available that stocking streams is stupid," declared Larmouth. "If you maintain the resource, the fish will take care of themselves."

Larmouth spoke of an example in Montana. "Twenty years ago, they stopped stocking the Madison River and the size of the fish went way up."

TU awards give

Despite a smaller crowd than in previous the sixth Wisconsin Trout Unlimited and Conservation Banquet netted \$8,256. Council activities in 1989. Two hundred thirty people attended the Jan. 21 banquet at the Paper Valley Hotel and Conference Center in Appleton.

The highlight of the evening was the award presentation to various individuals and a T.U. member for their efforts on behalf of coldwater resource conservation in Wisconsin.

Award of Merit
Mitch Bent (Green Bay Chapter) received the award for his many years of service to Wisconsin Trout Unlimited and coldwater resource conservation. Bent, who served as council chairman for three years, is credited with strengthening the Council and with establishing the Conservation Awards Banquet.

Silver Trout Award--Chapter of the Year
The Antigo TU Chapter was this year's Silver Trout Award winner for its tremendous work done in 1988 and past years on the East Branch of the Eau Claire River north of Antigo. In 1988 alone, the chapter invested over \$100,000 in stream improvement work on the East Branch in three separate areas (undercut banks, structures, wing deflector, and boom-catchers). Bank sodding was also done on these areas. During the 1988 drought, these areas were among the very few spots in the East Branch that held trout. Prior to 1988, the TU had spent well over \$15,000 on several projects on the East Branch.

Fish Manager of the Year: Gene Van Dyck
As a fish manager for a large area of the Southwestern Wisconsin, Van Dyck has been credited with many innovative ideas in trout management. He was instrumental in helping to establish the "early trout season" in several southwestern counties to alleviate over-crowding on opening day in May. Gene has also been involved in many habitat improvement projects on streams in his domain, including boom-catchers, rip-rapping, and fencing.

Gold Trout Award
The Gold trout Award was presented to Heding for his many years of service to trout conservation in central Wisconsin, both as a DNR employee and as a leader of the Central Wisconsin Chapter. As a Leader not only of trout projects, but also in areas from conservation education to the Central Wisconsin Fishing School, Heding has displayed qu



Mitch Bent received the Award of Merit for his many years of effort for Wisconsin TU.



Herb King received the Award of Merit for his many years of effort for Wisconsin TU.

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that have brought him much respect. He has served as a chapter president, State Council representative, and as a National Director.

Recognition Award for Scientific Contribution
As a DNR employee, Elward Engle of Wautoma has been a leader in many areas of conservation. He spent countless hours with the Fox Valley Chapter on their Davis Creek project, which renovated a small but important feeder creek in Waushara County. He has also had a wide variety of achievements as a professional with the DNR. These include the restoration of Jackson Creek (a tributary to the Milwaukee River) in the late 1960's and the restoration of Hallerbrook Creek in the early 1970's. Engle has also been instrumental in developing conservation education programs at different academic levels. And, he has been a stalwart in helping to procure lands for public fishery areas in central Wisconsin.

Certificates of Appreciation
Herb Hintze and Gordon King received this award. This "dynamic duo" of the Wisconsin River Valley Chapter has been responsible for much of the work done to protect and restore trout resources in North Central Wisconsin. Their endeavors have covered a wide range of activities from working for the removal of the Prairie Dells Dam on the Prairie River in Lincoln County, to input and support for the newly-enacted open-pit non-metallic mining regulations in Marathon County to stream improvement projects to removal of untold numbers of beaver dams clogging feeder creeks in Marathon and Lincoln Counties.

Gold Net Award
As a Life Member of the TU Central Wisconsin Chapter, Bob Worth has devoted much personal time and finances toward the betterment of the organization. For ten years, he served on the National Board of Directors and one year on its Executive Committee. He chaired TU National's Information and Education Committee along with serving on the National Awards Committee and the National Fundraising Committee. As owner and president of Worth Tackle Company in Stevens Point, Worth has supported National and State fundraising efforts over the years with generous donations of merchandise and equipment. Worth was instrumental in obtaining several matching grants of \$25,000 each for Trout Unlimited activities. Worth is also active in the American Fishing Tackle Manufacturers Association. He serves on their environmental committee.

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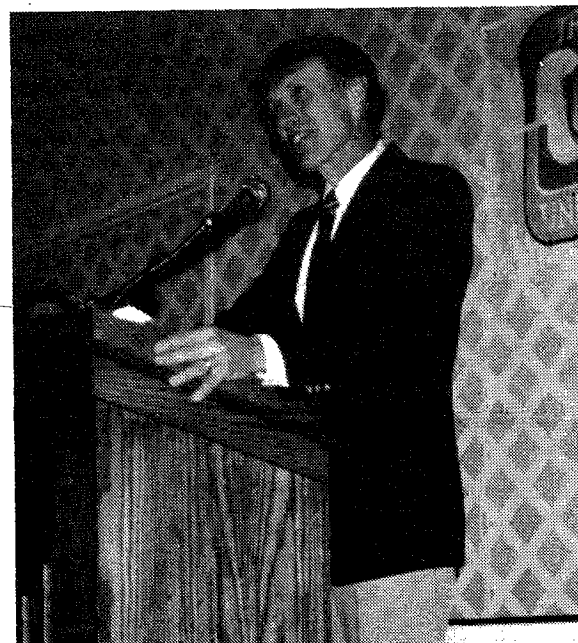
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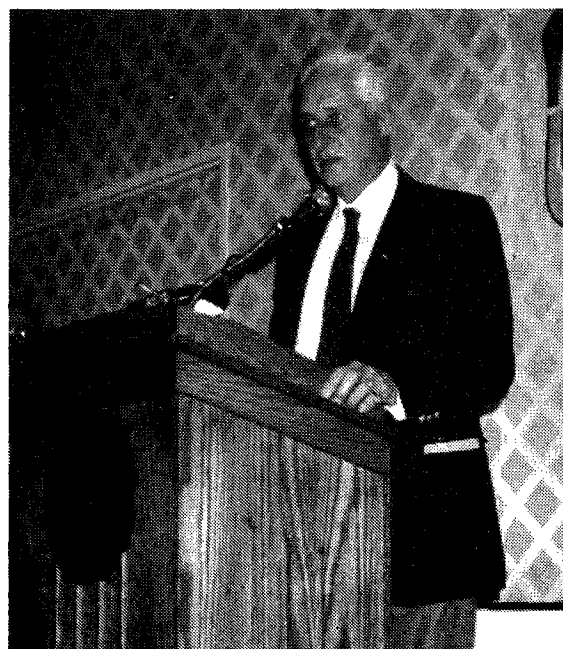
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Gene Van Dyck, Fish manager in southwestern Wisconsin, received the Fish Manager of the Year award.



Elward Engle of Wautoma was given the award for Recognition of Scientific Contribution.



Bob Holding of Oshkosh was awarded the Gold Trout Award for his years of service to trout conservation in central Wisconsin.



Hintze (left) and Gordon King received Certificates of Appreciation for their work in central Wisconsin.



Scott Hendricks (right) accepted the Chapter of the Year award on behalf of his chapter, Antigo. Tom Flesch presented the award.

From the Chairman cont.

But, there is a down side to this good news. While we've been busy improving our trout water, the number of those fishing has increased. This, plus improvements in fishing equipment and greater knowledge exchange has made fishermen much better anglers.

What we now have are wonderful quality trout waters that hold fewer and fewer large, wild fish. On some streams that we have too many fish for the available food and space. Clearly then, it is time to examine our "traditional" trout regulations.

Wisconsin trout streams range from tiny brooks to large roaring rivers. To think that one uniform set of fishing regulations satisfies all anglers or protects all streams is quite an oversimplification. The new regulation proposal addresses these issues. By dividing our streams into five classifications, DNR fish Managers have been able to design regulations for each of those classifications that best suit individual streams or even a portion of a stream. These new regulations range from a liberalization in size limit on some streams to "special regulations" on others that would encourage a trophy type fishery.

The Wisconsin Council of Trout Unlimited has approved this new regulation proposal. We believe that this proposal will mean that Wisconsin has the most progressive regulations in the nation.

The Spring Conservation Congress meetings will be held in each county throughout Wisconsin on April 24, 1989. One of the questions will be whether or not these new regulations will be implemented for the 1990 Trout season. That night, between 6 and 7 thousand votes will be cast on this issue. Whether or not the new regulations are approved will depend on who attends these meetings. With Wisconsin TU membership at under 3000, we need to have as many of our members at these meetings as possible. There will be some opposition, but I can think of no better way to "protect and enhance our cold water resources" than for Wisconsin to be a national leader in our trout regulations as well as our stream improvement techniques.

Please attend the meeting in your county and vote "YES." Information on where and what time the meeting in your area will be can be obtained from your Chapter President.

International Earth Day planned for April 1990

Leaders of the nation's largest environmental organizations have united to launch a cooperative effort to organize an international Earth Day in April, 1990.

They'd like to involve more than 100 million participants in countries all over the world. Chairman of the event Denis Hayes, says they expect Earth Day 1990 to be "the largest demonstration in human history."

"Unlike 1970, today's major environmental issues are international in scope," said John Adams, executive director of the Natural Resources Defense Council. "No nation acting alone can solve such problems as global warming, the destruction of the ozone layer, acid rain, plutonium proliferation or ocean pollution. Such phenomena pose a threat to every living creature."

Adams said Earth Day will force political leaders around the world to recognize the urgency of the environmental crisis.

The interim address for Earth Day 1990 is Box AA, Stanford University, California 94305. Headquarters will be in San Francisco and Washington, D.C.



True Fish Tales Professor hooks up 'Limey' trout Fishing in Britain found different than in U.S.

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British fishermen spend their money pri-
marily on two things: good tackle and access.

"You get whatever the landowner decides
you'll pay, whether you are fishing for a day or
leasing a beat for some greater part of the sea-
son," said Larmouth.

Landowners lease "beats," a half mile
stretch of water, on trout streams in England.

"I met two people on the Test. One was an
engineer and the other was a business manager.
They were not aristocrats. They had the beat
below me. They leased it together," Larmouth
explained. "I have no idea what that cost. For a
tourist fisherman like myself, it was \$55 a day.
I'm sure it's cheaper if you lease for a longer
period."

Larmouth's beats were leased through a
tackle shop in Winchester called The Red Boat.
"That \$55 gave me a half mile of river all to
myself. Well, not quite in the case of the
Ichen," Larmouth said.

It seems that a man had a "half rod alter-
nate Sundays." This allowed the other fisher-
man to fish on the same beat Larmouth had
leased, every other Sunday.

The Test and Ichen have been trout
streams since the days of Izaak Walton and
before," said Larmouth. "So these rivers have
been in private ownership and they probably
look pretty much as they did 500 years ago."

The landowners employ people to cut the
weeds, maintain the trout population and main-
tain water quality.

"The streams are in magnificent condition,"
Larmouth said, "and so are the trout."

On the Ichen, the water was so clear that
Larmouth picked out the exact fish he wanted
to cast.

"They don't have catch and release policies—
in fact, gutter me out," Larmouth said. "They want
to kill the fish," said Larmouth.

The weeds are cut along the banks. The
rivers are kept well maintained. The water is
very alkaline so it has a lot of weeds and bugs.

"The fish for the most part are rainbow trout.
There are a few places where they keep rainbows
in ponds. They call them siewes. There they
grow to enormous sizes," Larmouth said.

Larmouth caught three rainbows on the
Ichen between nine and ten inches. That day
there had been a sign posted at the fishing hut
near his beat. "The sign encouraged fishermen
to 'kill all rainbows regardless of size.'"

Apparently one of the stews in which rain-
bows had been held had flooded into the Ichen.

It is very clear from all the research avail-
able that the trout streams are being stocked in
Larmouth. "If you maintain the resource, the
fish will take care of themselves."

Larmouth spoke of an example in Montana.
"Twenty years ago, they stopped stocking the
Madison River and the size of the fish went
up."

continued on p.7

TU awards given to hard workers

Despite a smaller crowd than in previous years,
the sixth Wisconsin Trout Unlimited Awards
and Conservation Banquet netted \$8,256.42 for
council activities in 1989. Two hundred and
thirty people attended the Jan. 21 banquet at
the Paper Valley Hotel and Conference Center in
Appleton.

The highlight of the evening was the awards
presentation to various individuals and a TU chap-
ter for their efforts on behalf of coldwater
resource conservation in Wisconsin.

Award of Merit
Mitch Bent (Green Bay Chapter) received this
award for his many years of service to Wisconsin
Trout Unlimited and coldwater resource con-
servation. Bent, who served as council chairman
for three years, is credited with strengthening
the Council and with establishing the Council
Awards Banquet.

Silver Trout Award—Chapter of the Year
The Antigo TU Chapter was this year's Silver
Trout Award winner for its tremendous work
done in 1988 and past years on the East Branch
of the Eau Claire River north of Antigo. During
1988 alone, the chapter invested over \$14,000
in stream improvement work on the East
Branch in three separate areas (undercut bank
structures, wing deflector, and boom-covers).
Bank sodding was also done on these struc-
tures. During the 1988 drought, these new
areas were among the very few spots in the East
Branch that held trout. Prior to 1988, Antigo
TU had spent well over \$15,000 on several other
projects on the East Branch.

Fish Manager of the Year: Gene Van Dyck
As a fish manager for a large area in
Southwestern Wisconsin, Van Dyck has been
credited with many innovative ideas in trout
management. He was instrumental in helping
to establish the "early trout season" in several
southwestern counties to alleviate over-crowd-
ing on opening day in May. Gene has been
involved in many habitat improvement projects
on streams in his domain, including boom-covers,
rip-rapping, and fencing.

Gold Trout Award
The Gold Trout Award was presented to Bob
Heding for his many years of service to trout
conservation in central Wisconsin, both as a
DNR employee and as a leader of the Central
Wisconsin Chapter. As a leader not only in
trout projects, but also in areas from conserva-
tion education to the Central Wisconsin Trout
Fishing School, Heding has displayed qualities

that have brought him much respect. He has
served as a chapter president, State Council
representative, and as a National Director.

Recognition Award for Scientific Contribution
As a DNR employee, Edward Engle of Wautoma
has been a leader in many areas of conserva-
tion in Waushara County. He has also had a
wide variety of achievements as a professional,
with the DNR. These include the restoration of
Jackson Creek (a tributary to the Milwaukee
River) in the late 1960's and the restoration of
Hallerbrook Creek in the early 1970's. Engle
has also been instrumental in developing con-
servation education programs at different ac-
ademic levels. And, he has been a stalwart in
helping to procure lands for public fishery areas
in central Wisconsin.

Certificates of Appreciation
Herb Hintze and Gordon King received this
award. This "dynamic duo" of the Wisconsin
River Valley Chapter has been responsible for
much of the work done to protect and restore
trout resources in North Central Wisconsin.
Their endeavors have covered a wide range of
activities from working for the removal of the
Prairie Dells Dam on the Prairie River in Lincoln
County, to input and support for the newly-
enacted open-pit non-metallic mining regula-
tions in Marathon County to stream improve-
ment projects to removal of untold numbers of
beaver dams clogging feeder creeks in Marathon
and Lincoln Counties.

Gold Net Award
As a Life Member of the TU Central Wisconsin
Chapter, Bob Worth has devoted much personal
time and finances toward the betterment of the
organization. For ten years, he served on the
National Board of Directors and one year on its
Executive Committee. He chaired TU National's
Information and Education Committee along
with serving on the National Awards Committee
and the National Fundraising Committee. As
owner and president of Worth Tackle Company
in Stevens Point, Worth has supported National
and State fundraising efforts over the years with
generous donations of merchandise and equip-
ment. Worth was instrumental in obtaining sev-
eral matching grants of \$25,000 each for Trout
Unlimited activities. Worth is also active in the
American Fishing Tackle Manufacturers
Association. He serves on their environmental
committee.



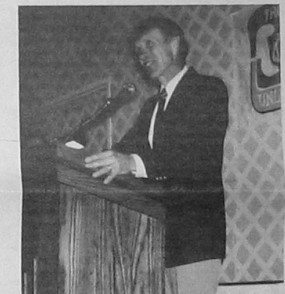
Mitch Bent received the Award of Merit for his many years of effort for Wisconsin TU.

Herb Hintze (left) and Gordon King received Certificates of Appreciation for their work in North Central Wisconsin.

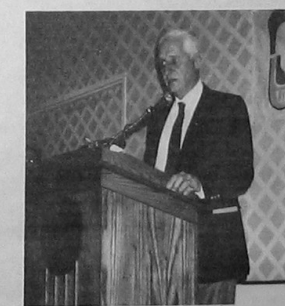
Scott Hendricks (right) accepted the Chapter of the Year award on behalf of his chapter, Antigo. Tom Fleish presented the award.



Gene Van Dyck, Fish manager in southwestern Wisconsin, received the Fish Manager of the Year award.



Edward Engle of Wautoma was given the award for Recognition of Scientific Contribution.



Bob Heding of Oakshosh was awarded the Gold Trout Award for his years of service to trout conservation in central Wisconsin.

From the Chairman cont.

But, there is a down side to this good news. While we've been busy improving our trout water, the number of those fishing has increased. This, plus improvements in fishing equipment and greater knowledge exchange has made fishermen better anglers.

What we now have are wonderful quality trout waters that hold fewer and fewer large, wild fish. On some streams that we have too many fish for the available food and space. Clearly then, it is time to examine our "traditional" trout regulations.

Wisconsin trout streams range from tiny brooks to large roaring rivers. To think that one uniform set of fishing regulations satisfies all anglers or protects all streams is quite an oversimplification. The new regulation proposal addresses these issues. By dividing our streams into five classifications, DNR Fish Managers have been able to design regulations for each of those classifications that best suit individual streams or even a portion of a stream. These new regulations range from a liberalization to size limit on some streams to "special regulations" on others that would encourage a trophy type fishery.

The Wisconsin Council of Trout Unlimited has approved this new regulation proposal. We believe that this proposal is a plan that Wisconsin has the most progressive regulations in the nation.

The Spring Conservation Congress meetings will be held in each county throughout Wisconsin on April 24, 1989. One of the questions will be whether or not these new regulations will be implemented for the 1990 Trout season. That night, between 6 and 7 thousand votes will be cast on this issue. Whether or not the new regulations are approved will depend on who attends these meetings. To increase TU membership at under 3000, we need to have as many of our members at these meetings as possible. There will be some opposition, but I can think of no better way to "protect and enhance our cold water resources" than for Wisconsin to be a national leader in our trout regulations as well as our stream improvement techniques.

Please attend the meeting in your county and vote YES. Information on where and what time the meeting in your area will be can be obtained from your Chapter President.

International Earth Day planned for April 1990

Leaders of the nation's largest environmental organizations have united to launch a cooperative effort to organize an international Earth Day in April 1990.

They'd like to involve more than 100 million participants in countries all over the world. Chairman of the event Denis Hayes, says they expect Earth Day 1990 to be "the largest demonstration in human history."

"Unlike 1970, today's major environmental issues are international in scope," said John Adams, executive director of the Natural Resources Defense Council. "No nation acting alone can solve such problems as global warming, the destruction of the ozone layer, acid rain, plutonium proliferation or ocean pollution. Such phenomena pose a threat to every living creature."

Adams said Earth Day will force political leaders around the world to recognize the urgency of the environmental crisis.

The interim address for Earth Day 1990 is Box AA, Stanford University, California 94305. Headquarters will be in San Francisco and Washington, D.C.

From the Field--Chapter Reports

Wisconsin River Valley Chapter

The Wisconsin River Valley Chapter has a dredging project lined up for Devils Creek Southwest of Merrill. When the old bridge at the Kudick farm was replaced the rubble etc. was shoved into the creek by the township. The hole that was below the bridge has now filled and needs to be reopened. The work will be done this summer.

There will be a small fencing project on the headwater springs of Little Trapper this summer. That work will finish the project.

The Chapter is funding an in stream deflector repair project for the DNR on The Prairie River south of the R&H road this summer

Shaw-Paca Chapter

While local streams were covered with ice and snow, activity continued indoors. This past fall the chapter purchased an old bakery van for use as a "portable tool shed." Several work days were held to patch rust spots, check wiring and build storage facilities inside it. The van has been unofficially christened "The Stream Doctor." The chapter hopes to take on many house calls, or work days, on the leased stream areas this year.

The chapter recently leased two additional 40 acre stream areas.

The second annual "Fishing Fever" was held at the Gathering at Shawano on March 21 and 22. It was well attended. This event was co-sponsored by TU's Shaw-Paca and Oconto River Chapters.

Green Bay Chapter

The Green Bay Chapter has completed a successful first quarter, the highlight being the fourteenth annual Fundraising Banquet. Robert Herbst was the featured speaker. Over \$20,000 was raised for TU.

In January, Tom Thuemler reported on the Beaver Creek radio tag study funded in February of 1988. Due to low water conditions in 1988, it was decided to refund this project at a cost of \$4,000 to confirm what was learned in the 1988 study.

In February, Rost Langhurst and Russ Heizer, of the DNR discussed their creel census of streams in Oconto and Shawano counties.

Mike Baumgartner gave a presentation of the DNR Steelhead Program in March. Prior to the presentation, the election of new officers was held. Tim McCarthy stepped down after four years as President and Joe Wieske was elected to the position. Mitch Bent now holds the Vice President position. Gary Stoychoff was re-elected as the Secretary/ Treasurer. Re-elected to the board was Wally Heil with Wayne Dish appointed and elected as a new member.

Northwoods Chapter

The Northwoods Chapter sponsored a fly tying and trout stream entomology course at Treehaven on March 10, 11, and 12. The chapter is planning to sponsor another one next year. The next one might have two levels, one for beginners and the other for the advanced. Also, classes on fly casting along with the trout entomology course may be offered.

A banquet was held at the Rhinelander Cafe and Pub on April 8. The grand prize was a canoe.

The first work project will be on the north branch of the Prairie River. This will include the Pay Springs area.

The Wisconsin Conservation Corps has been contacted to remove beaver dams along Noisy Creek during the summer months.

Central Wisconsin Chapter

The Central Wisconsin Chapter has three workdays planned for the Emmons Creek, Waupaca County site this spring. The dates scheduled are April 22, May 20 and June 24. Work will begin at 9 a.m. and consists mostly of brushing and installation of in-stream devices. The chapter will provide lunch and tools. All are welcome. Contact Mark Brosseau in Oshkosh at 114/231-2231 for directions.

The Emmons Creek work is expected to be completed this year. The chapter is continuing its work on the West Branch of the White River and has already held two work days there this year

The annual banquet was held on March 18 in Oshkosh. A "Fun Day" was held in Wautoma, Feb. 12. Fly tying, fish tales and future fishing were discussed. The day was enjoyed by 40 people, some from as far away as 80 miles.

Lakeshore Chapter

The Lakeshore Chapter held its sixth annual National fundraising banquet on April 15 at Club Bil-Mar in Manitowoc. Besides the usual raffles and auctions, the banquet featured a special ladies' raffle as well as a children's raffle. These raffles had prizes donated from area merchants specifically for these groups. Jeff Preiss was this year's banquet chairman with Bob LaViolette heading the local prize solicitation committee. This year's banquet was a success largely to their efforts.

The Rods & Reels for Kids project continues, with members repairing rods and reels at the chapter meetings periodically and donating this equipment to needy organizations.

Kit Deubler is heading this year's scholarship program. Each year the chapter sends students to the Career Workshops at the Central Wisconsin Environmental Center near Stevens Point.

Charlie Henke is the Stream Project chairman for 1989. Our workdays are scheduled throughout the summer and are generally combined with the monthly meeting. Project work this summer may include final touches on Jambo Creek, as well as work on Branch River in Manitowoc and work in Sheboygan County. The fly-tying class was completed in February. Twelve students attended.

Fox Valley Chapter

In January, the Fox Valley Chapter held its annual Fun Nite at the Forester Club in Appleton. Approximately 250 persons attended and 16 new members were recruited.

Fun Nite is like a mini sports show. A local sporting goods store shows the latest equipment. Members and friends demonstrated fly, rod, and spinner making. Sign-up for classes in these and fly casting was available for interested parties. An antique lure collection was on display along with several taxidermists' work and an art dealer's collection.

One of the most popular programs of the winter was when several members talked about western and north western fishing trips they took last summer. A chef also came in and demonstrated tricks on fish preparation that even the most experienced members did not know.

On March 11 another successful fundraising banquet was held at the Paper Valley Hotel in Appleton. Tex Helms received the "Pat Howlett" award for his contributions to the chapter. Appreciation Awards were given to Dennis Damrau for his contributions to the Davies Creek Project, Bucky Kilisheik for his frequent carving donations (popular items at the banquets). Roy Mandel for his years of service as an officer and Board Member, and Wayne Larson

for his years of service as a Board Member. A president's award (an engraved frying pan) was given to Dale Peterson for always being there for the Fox Valley chapter when leadership is needed.

Mike Primising spoke to members on March 16 about the proposed trout regulations. Several members plan to attend the April 24 Fish and Game Hearings to voice their opinions.

The Fox Valley Chapter is trying to familiarize both members and non-members with the proposed trout regulations and encourage them to attend the hearings. Members agree this may be one of the most important hearings in Wisconsin's history for trout fishing.

Marinette County Chapter

The Marinette County Chapter's second annual Sportsman Show was on Saturday, March 4. Over a foot of new snow the night before made travel difficult but enough people attended that plans are already in the works for next year's show. A big thank you goes to Dale Lang for organizing the show and to the exhibitors and those who attended for braving the weather to attend.

continued on p.7

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Thanks for Supporting Wisconsin Trout Unlimited

From the field continued

The chapter's sixth annual banquet was April 3 and was a complete sellout and the most successful to date. Those who attended had a great time. Some of the prizes that went home that night included a Hoegen canoe, a Weatherby Orion II o/u shotgun, a Browning BL-22, Orvis fly rods, Steiner binoculars, a GE 19" color TV and RCA VHS VCR.

The auction featured "The Master Domain" by Terry Redlin, "Hillside Flush" by David Maass, "Leaping-Rainbow Trout" by Maynard Reece and "River Dreams" by Morten Solberg. A sincere thank you to all the committee members and contributors that made this banquet successful.

With fundraising completed for the year, the chapter is looking for ways to spend it this summer on worthwhile conservation projects. Land purchases or leases will be considered.

Southeast Wisconsin

The SE Wisconsin members are busy preparing for the upcoming spring hearings in April. Key contact people in the five county Milwaukee area are lining up support for the hearings. The board of directors urges its members to attend the spring hearings and vote "YES" for the proposed trout regulation changes. For more information contact Webb Kennedy at 414/ 486-3770 or Bob Retko at 414/677-3584.

The chapter meetings this winter have been exciting and fun. The January meeting was attended by over 200 individuals. They heard DNR fish Managers from around the state speak on how the proposed trout regulations would effect their areas.

The highlight of the February meeting was the presentation by Jon Apple, a nationally known rod builder. Thirty-three interested members gathered around Jon as he disclosed some of his secrets to building fly rods

The March and April meetings were very informative. Lake Michigan Tributary fishing was the topic of discussion on March 28. Jamie Quелlette lent his expertise by telling members "What's Hot and What's Not" for lake Michigan tributaries. Also, DNR Great Lakes Fish Manager, Mike Coshun brought members an update on the tremendous trout and salmon fishery.

The April meeting features two veteran trout fishermen from the southern chapter in Madison. Ron Ahner and Lowell Grinnich have teamed up to talk about fishing SW Wisconsin streams.

In February, the chapter assisted members of the Milwaukee Casting Club in a work project near Eagle. Discarded Christmas trees were placed in dredged out local stream to provide habitat cover for wild brown trout. Bob Retko assisted in organizing the volunteers for this project.

For later this spring, the annual chapter fishing outing on the Wolf River has been scheduled for the weekend of May 19-21. That weekend will provide excellent fishing opportunities for everyone. Contact Webb Kennedy for more information at 414/ 483-3770.

Antigo Chapter

The Antigo Chapter held their ninth annual banquet on April 1.

Two new land easements have been arranged for 80 additional acres of land on the east branch of the Eau Claire River for habitat improvement in 1989.

The chapter also will be working with a local Lion's Club to improve stream habitat at a park area run by the club on the Eau Claire River. The chapter will also install a fishing ramp at the park for handicapped and elderly fishermen.

The Antigo chapter is also planning a fishing day for area youth this summer.

Oconto River Watershed Chapter

The chapter cosponsored "Fishing Fever Nites" along with Shaw-Paca. The two night event was held March 21 and 22 at the Gathering in Shawano. Vendors, TU chapters, DNR representatives, guides and many fishermen enjoyed the event by looking at displays and swapping stories.

The chapter is pursuing the idea of video recording the entire Oconto River System from headwaters to mouth. Availability of aircraft, cameras and approximate cost are being investigated. If any chapter has completed or is interested in a project of this nature please contact Dale Halla at 414/855-2131 (work).

The annual banquet is scheduled for May 4 at the Kelly Lake Holiday Inn. A Canadian trip, Northport boat, Beretta shotgun, and many other prizes are to be given away. Tickets are available from Mitch Meunier. His work number is 414/855-2844.

At the request of several members, the chapter is attempting to set up a "Basic Fishing 101" to be held some time before the major hatches of the summer begin.

Blackhawk Chapter

The Blackhawk Chapter will hold their seventh annual banquet May 2 at "We Are Catering" in the Kandu Industries Building, Janesville. The grand prize will be a 17.5' Phantom kelvar canoe, built and donated by the Blackhawk canoe Co. The canoe is valued at \$1,875. Many door and raffle prizes will be available along with a silent auction and other activities.

Area projects of the Blackhawk Chapter include Allen's Creek near Evansville and McKlintock Springs.

British fishing continued

Apparently one of the stews in which rainbows had been held had flooded into the Itchen.

It is very clear from all the research available that stocking streams is stupid," declared Larmouth. "If you maintain the resource, the fish will take care of themselves."

Larmouth spoke of an example in Montana. "Twenty years ago, they stopped stocking the Madison River and the size of the fish went way up."

"The Brits expect you to take your limit of four fish and then be done for the day," said Larmouth.

Larmouth fished for most of the day, only taking time out for "high tea" (4:00 p.m.). At that time, the riverkeeper and the two gentlemen with the boat below him met at the fishing hut. Larmouth's attendance was expected.

"It's not just dry fly only, you can fish with a nymph," he said. "In fact, Aldrich encouraged that because of the water being so high." The river was also quite swift and cold. "It was much like spring creek fishing in the United States."

So he fished a nymph down the channels of the weeds to hook up.

On both rivers, the theory was to see the fish and cast to those rising. "That's sort of a fairy tale," according to Larmouth.

"I didn't learn anything fundamentally new," said Larmouth. A good trout fisherman will be able to improvise on his knowledge of the sport to fit the situation.

Larmouth had good luck with lighter gear, but windy conditions caused casting difficulties in some instance.

"A lot of the flies I had brought with me were too small. They would have been right had the season been normal," he said. "But, as it was, I had enough other stuff with me."

The British have terrible flies," Larmouth added. "They have beautiful rods, beautiful reels and they import their flies from India or some place."

"You'll have a guy with a \$300 Hardy rod, \$150 Hardy reel and a \$.10 fly on the end," Larmouth said. "I had been warned by my travel agent that I should bring my own buttons. I was glad I did. They were a lot better than what I could have bought locally."

British trout fishermen fish from the banks, often hidden by some of the weeds. They don't wade. According to Larmouth, waving your arms would put the fish down. You have to sneak up on them.

Larmouth caught an 18-inch trout in the Itchen. He did this by performing a difficult horizontal cast under a low bridge. Normally the trout were between 12 and 16 inches.

Over the two days of fishing, Larmouth caught several fish in the 14 to 19 inch range, all of which were released.

EDITOR'S NOTE

Dr. Larmouth has fished in Alaska, Vancouver Island, British Columbia, Yellowstone (southeastern Idaho area), Michigan, New York, Great Britain and the Florida Keys to name a few. He has caught sharks up to around 80 pounds and eight tarpon between 70 and 90 pounds. He has always had the philosophy of catch and release.

He will admit that he is somewhat "ignorant of Wisconsin trout fishing."

As a young boy, he learned how to fly cast through a book and practice with his rod and reel casting into an innertube before fishing with his father. He still swears by his theory of practicing before venturing out on a fishing expedition.

He also does research before any trips to new areas for different kinds of fish and considers guides' fees the equivalent to tuition.

In graduate school, Larmouth joined the Jackson Park Casting Club in Chicago.

Though it was unfortunate for most club members, Larmouth said he is lucky that he was robbed of all his fishing gear. Because from that point, he decides to buy only equipment that he had fully researched. "No junk, just the good stuff."

Since the age of twelve, Larmouth has kept personal logs for all of his fishing trips. "I always take very careful notes," said Larmouth. These include where portages are, what the weather was like, where the good fishing spots were and anything else of importance to serious fishermen.

Larmouth now has a very detailed library of fishing logs that scan the globe over the course of 28 years.

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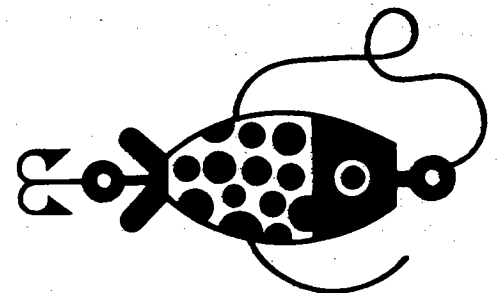
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COMMITTEES			Klap-Tu-Wish(168)	Jon Jacobs P.O. Box 483 Hudson, WI 54016	
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Scientific Advisor:	Bob Hunt N2254 Skyview Lane Waupaca, WI 54981	715/258-2886(o)			

Organization reps determine solutions to beaver 'dam-age'

Extensive damage caused by overpopulations of beavers to Wisconsin resources was discussed at length by representatives of over 30 groups and agencies on Jan. 23.

The meeting was held not only to discuss the problem but also to determine solutions.

At meeting's end, a number of points had been established. Attendants agreed on a liberalization of beaver trapping rules, the need for a specific management plan and population goals for beaver, alternation of timber management in the vicinity of streams and the reduction of beaver populations in controlled areas.

Areas suffering from damage are trout streams, forests, farmlands, and town and county roads. Trout waters in northern Wisconsin have suffered severely due to high beaver activity. Beaver dams impound free-flowing waters, impede trout migrations for spawning, and create stagnant water masses that destroy trout habitat and result in warmer waters unsuitable for trout habitation.

The high beaver population is the result of many things. One cause is the low fur prices that have discouraged trapping activity.

Representatives from USDA/APHIS Animal Damage Control and the Nicolet National Forest gave presentations on beaver densities within the state and described the various resources that are suffering from the high beaver numbers.

DNR gave an overview of the current programs involved in regulating beaver.

Rep. John Volk (D.-Wabeno) chaired the meeting in Sun Prairie, Wisconsin. Mitch Bent represented Wisconsin TU at the gathering.

Agencies involved in the meeting included the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources, U.S. Forest Service personnel, USDA/APHIS Animal Damage Control unit, Wisconsin Farm Bureau, Wisconsin Land Conservation Association, and county Forestry Departments. Others represented were the Wisconsin Trappers Association and several forest production industries.

Coming Events

APRIL

22 Work day on Emmons Creek, Waupaca Co. sponsored by Central Wisconsin Chapter. 9a.m. Work consists of brushing and installation of in-stream devices. Tools and lunch provided. Contact Mark Brosseau at 414/231-2231.

24 DNR hearings to be held. Please attend

MAY

1 Blackhawk Chapter seventh annual banquet at Kandu "We Are Catering," Janesville, at 5:30. Tickets \$20. Write to Trout Unlimited c/o Thomas G. Kautz, 2818 N. Emerald Grove Rd. Milton, WI 53563-9738. Must be postmarked by April 23.

4 Oconto River Watershed's annual banquet at Kelly Lake Holiday Inn. For tickets call Mitch Meunier at 414/855-2844 (work).

19-21 Outing on the Wolf River sponsored by SE Wisconsin Chapter. Campsites at Steed's Campground have been reserved. The cost for two nights camping is \$15. Cost also includes a large potluck dinner on Saturday night. Contact Webb Kennedy at 414/483-3770.

20 Work day Emmons Creek, Waupaca Co.

JUNE

2-4 The thirteenth annual Trout Fishing School. From 6p.m. Friday to noon on Sunday at Camp Hiwela, Waushara County. Cost \$140. Food and lodging included. Call Mark Brosseau at 414/231-2231 or 236-8080. 10-11 "Free Fishing Weekend" in Michigan. Residents and non-residents may fish without buying a license but normal angling restrictions still apply to creel, size and other regulations.



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NEWS AND VIEWS FROM WISCONSIN TROUT UNLIMITED

REFLECTIONS

SUMMER 1989

From the Chairman

Dick Kraus

The rains we waited for all of last year have finally arrived. The "great drought" of 1988 is over. At least for the time being.

It will take a while to regain the trout populations that were depleted last year but we are on our way.

For the first time in over a year the grass in my yard is long and green. Hints from top level domestic management that the lawn needs cutting are received with refreshing appreciation. Obviously power mowers and aluminum siding were invented by a married man to allow more time for evening fishing.

The month of July marks Trout Unlimited's 30th anniversary. It is appropriate to take a few moments out and reflect on what has been accomplished in these past 30 years.

Since being founded in Michigan in 1959, TU has grown from a handful of members to over 60,000 members in the United States alone. The membership is organized into 28 state councils and 429 local chapters. In addition to this, there are over 40,000 affiliated members in Canada, Japan, New Zealand, Spain and France.

A lot has been done in the last 30 years and the next 30 will be just as challenging. Embrace-A-Stream, our oldest program, focuses on water quality surveillance programs and works with state and federal agencies on scientific research and field projects to restore damaged stream beds and other similar activities. Current programs, or those in the planning stage, include acid rain study and public education; watershed protection and management; the effects of hydroelectric development on coldwater resources; the impact of some agricultural practices on riparian areas; and a historic restoration program in New England intended to return to Atlantic salmon to that area.

TU volunteers have spent hundreds of thousands of hours on a wide variety of cold water resource projects. It is you, the hard working membership, that has helped make Trout Unlimited one of the fastest growing and well respected conservation organizations in the country.

For years to come, we will be dedicated

Continued on p. 2

Wisconsin Trout Unlimited to host Soviet hunters and fishers in fall

The official second conference between American and Soviet hunters and fishermen will be held in Racine, Wisconsin at the Johnson Wax Foundation Wingspread Conference Center, designed by Frank Lloyd Wright.

Wisconsin TU will host the conference Wed., Sept. 27 through Fri., Sept. 29.

Tentative plans include a half day fishing trip on Lake Michigan; field trips to Central Wisconsin where Bob Hunt, Dick Kraus and the Central Wisconsin TU chapter will host fishing, dinner and education; shopping in Milwaukee for the Soviets; fish boil or barbecue in Milwaukee; and a possible visit to the Great Lakes Lab for Lamprey Control.

In July 1986, Trout Unlimited signed an unprecedented bilateral agreement in Moscow with officials of the All Russian Union of Hunters and Fishermen, (Rosohutrybolousoyuz).

This agreement called for mutual environmental preservation efforts and was hailed by Soviet authorities as the "first substantive agreement between private organizations of the USA and the USSR".

The agreement provided for annual conferences to exchange information on cold-water resource management and environmental preservation and has the unofficial blessing of the U.S. State Department.

The first conference was held in 1988 in the Soviet Union. The conference, an outstanding success, was attended by 11 Americans and 40 Soviets. A firm foundation for achieving the objectives of the overall exchange program was set. These objectives are:

- to share scientific and management information bearing on the work of researchers, managers and administrative personnel in universities, state and federal agencies and conservation organizations in the U.S. and U.S.S.R.;
- to establish consistent and reliable channels of communication between private citizens in both countries;
- to hold scientific exchanges on a regular basis;
- to identify and carry out a joint research project;
- to contribute to cultural understanding and ultimately enhance cooperative

relations between the two powers.

The next conference will open with dinner at 6 p.m. Sun., Sept. 24, 1989 and will adjourn following lunch on Wed., Sept. 27.

In support of this conference, the Johnson Foundation will provide its Wingspread conference facilities on Sunday, staff support, meals and hospitality for about 30 conference attendees and ground transportation during the conference. The foundation will also provide simultaneous translation of presentations.

Plans have not yet been finalized, so, suggestions should be sent to: Thomas A. Flesch, 1821 Elka Ln., Madison, WI 53704; or call 608/241-3311 ext. 3142.

'Made in Wisconsin' gift packages to be given to Soviet visitors

It would be great if each of the Soviet delegates could leave the United States with not only great memories but a package containing Wisconsin sports equipment and other products for which we are famous.

Trout Unlimited is asking that state sport equipment manufacturers consider donating sporting goods as a goodwill gesture to our guests

Approximately 30 Soviets will be participating in the cultural exchange in September (see accompanying story). TU would like each to depart with a "care package" with Wisconsin manufactured sporting goods or other products.

Interested companies should contact Thomas A. Flesch, 1821 Elka Ln., Madison, WI 53704; or call 608-241-3311 ext. 3142.

**Emergency
rules
p. 3**



DNR approves solid waste dump 1/2 mile from class I trout creek

Despite overwhelming opposition to the site by local and state groups, questionable economic data on the site presented by Oconto County, and delicate environmental nature of the area, James Addis, Director of Resource Development of the Department of Natural Resources, gave the DNR's approval for Oconto County to withdraw the land for a solid waste dump.

Subsequent to Addis' action, Public Intervener Thomas Dawson, at the direction of his advisory committee, filed a motion of appeal of the decision in Dane County Circuit Court. Also filing an appeal was the Sierra Club.

On April 21, Addis sent a letter to Oconto County officials indicating DNR approval of the county's request to withdraw approximately 98 acres from the Machickanee Forest Unit of the Oconto County Forest System for use as a solid waste disposal facility.

The request to withdraw the acreage was opposed by the Town of Abrams (Oconto County), the Public Intervener and various conservation groups including Trout Unlimited and the Sierra Club.

TU's opposition was predicated upon several reasons, but foremost was the fact that the proposed landfill would be a mere one-half mile from Brehmer Creek, a small but very productive class I trout creek that meanders through Machickanee.

The dump would lie over a shallow water table, and schematics of groundwater flow showed that the groundwater in that area flows toward Brehmer creek.

The creek itself is a tributary to the main Oconto River near Oconto Falls, where the DNR has spent over \$500,000 in pollution cleanup funds in the last 10 years to rectify pollution problems caused by discharges from the Scott Paper Company.

Other oppositions to the site were based upon evidence that the surrounding towns had other sources for solid waste disposal; no towns had contracted to use the proposed site; wildlife values and recreational values would be degraded; and the county had not investigated other and possibly more practical sites on private lands.

In addition, allowing a county to withdraw county or public lands for such a use would set a precedent for other areas where counties sought "cheap" sites for solid waste disposal.

Trout Unlimited is hopeful that judicial review of Addis's decision will conclude that withdrawal of the land in the Machickanee Forest for the purpose of a solid waste site was inappropriate and that the "highest and best use" of that land (the criterion upon which DNR was to base their decision) is something other than use as a dump.

From the Chairman cont.

to the preservation, protection and enhancement of coldwater resources.

The rest of this year will be a busy and exciting one for Wisconsin TU. The summer State Council meeting in July, the National Board meeting in Asheville, North Carolina during August and the scientific exchange with Rosohutrybolousoyuz.

As Chairman, I will be attending the meetings just mentioned in addition to the June DNR Board meeting at which I spoke in favor of the proposed trout regulations for the 1990 season.

With all of this going on, I still plan to make time to put my "GONE FISHIN" sign to use.

\$70,000 available for habitat work

Northeast Regional Report

The Northeast Region of Wisconsin Trout Unlimited held its spring meeting on April 22 at Buettner's Wild Wolf Inn in Langlade. All chapters were represented.

Several topics were discussed during the meeting. Fundraising by chapters had netted close to \$60,000 by the end of April (via chapter banquets), and another \$10,000 was expected from the two remaining chapter banquets before year's end. NE Vice-Chairmen Mitch Bent was given permission to submit a letter to the DNR to inform them that approximately \$70,000 was available from chapter treasuries for habitat work. DNR has not always been willing to accept chapter monies for resource work.

The status of the drought was discussed, and it was approved that a letter should be sent to proper people within DNR to alert them of TU's concern about the situation and to suggest angling restrictions be imposed if the drought persists. Other topics discussed were stream pollution monitoring, National Fishing Week, match grant monies from Fish America Foundation, beaver control, and the trout angling regulation proposals coming before the Conservation Congress.

The North East Region suffered a blow on an environmental issue when DNR approved the Oconto County's request to withdraw 98 acres of the Machickanee Forest Unit for use as a solid waste disposal site.

Welcome rains help ease fears about the drought, but much more rain is needed to get stream levels and water tables back to normal. Restraint will still be needed in angling by trout fishermen to prevent over-exploitation of the resource.

Trout regulations proposal approved by public

Forty-seven counties passed the proposed trout regulations and 23 counties had a majority vote of 'no'. Barron County, had a tie vote and Menominee County was not counted.

There were a total of 3,036 yes votes and 1,830 no votes. Twenty-one counties were decided by a 15 or less total vote.

The Conservation Congress passed the proposed regulations unanimously according to Larry Claggett, Trout and Fish Habitat Specialist, of the DNR Bureau of Fisheries Management.

Claggett said that at the end of June, the DNR Board also voted in favor of the proposed trout regulations with one stipulation; those having filed opposing views on the regulations must receive written responses to their concerns.

The proposed regulations now go before legislative committees from each house for review. Hearings on any controversy may be scheduled.

The new regulations could be on the books for the 1990 trout fishing season.

Claggett said the DNR is taking action as if the regulations are already totally passed. Even though the laws are not being enforced, preparation has begun.

Explanatory brochures are being assembled and postings are being prepared.

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REFLECTIONS

is the official publication of the Wisconsin Council of Trout Unlimited. Contributions are welcomed and encouraged. Submit articles and non-returnable photo prints to the editor for consideration.

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From the Field--Chapter Reports

Shaw-Paca Chapter

In April, the Shaw-Paca chapter's Red River scatter plant was successful with a large turnout. Mild temperatures and ideal water conditions helped things go smoothly.

Beaver removal on the Mill Creek lease was completed.

The Shaw-Paca chapter will sponsor a student to attend the UW-Stevens Point Conservation Workshop in August.

Many chapter members attended the county fish and game hearings to express opinions on proposed trout regulations.

Bill and Jerry Weatherwax made a presentation to one of the local service clubs to explain the goals and accomplishments of the TU chapter.

A work day was held on April 29. And a second was held on May 20 for brushing on one of the Shaw-Paca chapter's leases.

The van has been insured and put on the road. The van is used as storage and transportation of the chapter's tools and equipment on work days.

Wolf River Chapter

The Wolf River chapter, the first chartered chapter of Wisconsin TU, is commemorating its 25th year and the annual banquet will be on Sat., Oct. 14 at the Wild Wolf Inn.

The chapter is studying the condition and production of the Wolf River in the

1920's when it supported a heavy population of native brook trout. In evaluating changes and management practices along with shoreline uses since then. The chapter hopes to work toward improvements which can again restore the river's condition and improve trout fishing.

During the past season chapter subsidized a trapper to remove all beaver from the Nine Mile Creek, an important feeder stream and brook trout spawning area. The trapper caught 69 beaver and reports of other trappers claim another 22. With approximately 90 beaver removed prior to reproducing, estimates claim that there are around 200 less beaver than if the project would not have been initiated.

All dams will be removed by the end of July. If hand work is needed to remove debris, a work day will be scheduled. The chapter intends to continue the beaver removal on all spawning feeder streams and will study the importance of work on the Lily River, on which a man-made dam restricts fish movement.

The chapter will be working throughout the year to increase membership and has set a monthly goal of ten new members.

Lakeshore Chapter

Two area high school students were selected as lakeshore TU's scholarship winners. Jamie Schram (Roncalli HS) and Jeff Schuler (Valders HS) will attend the career

workshop at the Central Wisconsin Environmental Station this summer.

The June stream project was clean-up work on the Branch River. The chapter intends to meet with the Mishicot Sportsman's club in July to discuss a possible stream project on Devil's River. Two hundred fifty-seven attended the 1989 banquet, it was the best attended and most profitable in the chapter's history. Net proceeds sent to National totalled \$1,932.

Nineteen new members signed up at the banquet bringing the total membership to 104, the highest since Lakeshore TU began seven years ago.

A donation of 50 life preservers to Camp Sinawa, an area youth camp, was sponsored by the Lakeshore chapter.

Green Bay Chapter

The Green Bay chapter held its May meeting at the Brown County Reforestation Camp. A picnic style dinner was held. The chapter will donate \$5,000 to TU National, with a portion going to The Living Brightwater Program.

The DNR made a request for \$5,000 to help in the purchase of 25 acres, with 400 feet of frontage, on the Oconto River just above The Copper Culture Park.

Because the Oconto River is becoming a good resource, money was approved, contingent upon approval of a site committee.

Continued on p. 4

Trout movement study continues on Beaver Creek

By means of a \$4,000 grant by the Green Bay TU chapter, DNR fishery managers in NE Wisconsin continue to monitor trout movements in the Beaver Creek system of southern Marinette County.

The data collected will assist the DNR determine angling regulations in future years and help them in their planning for trout habitat improvement projects.

Trout are collected from the main Beaver Creek through the use of "fike nets."

DNR personnel have radio-tagged six large trout over 1-1/2 pounds and are monitoring their movements throughout spring and summer. Fish of 10" and over are receiving floy tags, and fish 6" and up are being tagged with the use of "visible implant" tags.

In conjunction with the movement study, a creel census is continuing on the stream to determine angler success and determine the percent of tagged fish taken among all fish creeled.

The data will enable the DNR to ascertain trout populations for the system.

The study will continue through early fall and the trout spawning season. When completed, a report will be prepared.

Emergency catch and release orders in effect

The Wisconsin Natural Resources Board passed an emergency order on Thurs., July 27 that requires anglers to release all trout caught in northeast and south west streams. The ruling also restricts fishing with artificial lures and flies only.

DNR Fish Management Specialist Larry Claggett said the rules were necessary to protect the dwindling population of trout decimated by nearly three years of drought conditions.

The order includes Buffalo, Trempealeau, Jackson, La Crosse, Monroe, Vernon, Crawford, Richland, Sauk, Grand, Iowa and Lafayette counties in the southwest. Northeast counties affected by the zero bag limits are Vilas, Oneida, Florence, Marinette, Menominee, Lincoln, Langlade, Oconto, Marathon and Shawano. Claggett said losses of 40 to 80 percent have been reported by fish managers.

One year ago this month, at the 1988 Summer Trout Unlimited state council meeting, DNR fish manager asked TU to recommend to the DNR that the season be closed in some areas to take pressure off badly stressed trout resources in Wisconsin. Some TU members have expressed that the action may be too late and too little to save some streams.



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A beautiful catch is displayed by a special angler. The trout was caught with a little help from a TU friend.

Chapter holds outing for area's special anglers

Screams of excitement broke the morning air at the Kalscheur farm trout ponds on June 10. The Fourth Annual Southern Wisconsin chapter's Outing for the Developmentally Disabled was again under-way.

Twenty members of the Orchard Hill Home were assisted by TU members on this fishing outing.

Members baited hooks, cast them out and netted the beautiful rainbows hooked by the exuberant anglers. Each angler could keep one trout which was cleaned and iced for them to take home.

With the perfect combination of talented beginning anglers and the trained skills of TU members, the trout catch was admirable and fishing fever was caught by all.

The participants' host, Jim Kalscheur, provided part of the lunch and cool drinks during the day. Oscar Mayer Co. provided hot dogs for the hungry anglers.

TU members had a great time working with these wonderful people who ranged in age from eight to 70.

Wisconsin TU is proud to sponsor such events in several areas of the state.

Other chapters which sponsor similar outings are the Fox Valley and Aldo Leopold chapters.

From the Field cont.

In June, Shopko held its annual Take a Kid Fishing Day, with a group of TU members helping out.

On the same Saturday, about 25 of the members were ready to place half logs on the Waupee Creek, but because of high water the work project was switched to Hill's Pond Creek. Members spent the morning pulling fallen logs, debris and two old beaver dams from the creek.

Central Wisconsin Chapter

The Central Wisconsin chapter successfully completed its Thirteenth Annual Trout Fishing School on June 4. All 18 students graduated with flying colors.

The chapter recently distributed 21 copies of Dave Whitlocks' *Fly Fishing Handbook* to area High Schools. This is part of a continuing effort to provide suitable books for the local schools.

In the months to come, the chapter will be conducting several workdays. On the Aug 26 work day, on the West Branch of the White River, west of Wautoma, a special lunch will follow. This will replace the chapter's annual summer picnic.

Sept. 23 and Oct. 21 the chapter plans to work on Emmons Creek in So. Waupaca County. Everyone is welcome. For specific information and directions, contact Mark Brosseau at 414/231-2231, evenings.

The Central chapter hosted the TU State Council meeting on July 15, in Wautoma.

Marinette County Chapter

The Marinette County chapter will be working with the Green Bay chapter on stream improvement projects during July and August. Work sites include Wisconsin Creek in Florence County, The North Branch of the Embarrass River in Shawano County and Eagle Creek in Marinette County.

Fox Valley Chapter

In April, The chapter wound up its meetings with a program on Lyme's disease and the annual election of officers.

The Eleventh Annual Handicapped Fishing Outing was held on April 13, north of Shioctin. Twenty-five handicapped persons caught five rainbows each and were treated to a picnic lunch by members of the FVC.

On May 20, chapter members brushed and put in structures for cover on Tarr Creek at Ft. McCoy.

Darrel Tolliver, chapter V.P., conducted a Fly Tying class for 5th and 6th grader anglers in Neenah.

Eight members helped with the June 17, Appleton Recreation Department's "Kids' Fishing Day."

Northwoods Chapter

Northwoods chapter had two work days in July. The chapter will be working on a stream improvement project. This project is being directed by Max Johnson his crew.

Northwoods chapter has co-funded a stream improvement project with the U.S. Forest Service on the Little Deerskin River in Vilas County.

The chapter's last project of the summer will be working with the Wisconsin Conservation Corps in late July and

August on beaver dam removal in Noisey Creek in Oneida County.

Harry Nohr Chapter

The Harry Nohr chapter's Board of Directors met on May 5. Of the \$5,264 net profit from the banquet, several resolutions concerning allocation of funds were passed.

An additional \$500 will be donated to the Blackhawk Lake Educational Center for purchase of video equipment. New signs on chapter projects and the maintenance of existing signs were allocated \$800. \$3,000 more was allocated to complete the ongoing Rock Creek Project.

One thousand dollars will be provided for Springhead Protection provided that a project is developed.

A Sept. 21 trap shoot is scheduled.

Southern Wisconsin Chapter

The Southern Wisconsin Annual Auction/Swap Night, April 11, was a huge success. The auction included items ranging from a Hardy reel to old boots. The crowd--inspired by the auctioneers--opened their wallets to the sum of \$1500.

On April 16, 35 students attended Southern Wisconsin's Casting Clinic. This annual event includes instruction in casting, entomology, stream reading and knot tying. Andy Davidson organized the clinic. Of those attending, several joined TU.

On April 22, fences were mended, flood gates repaired, debris cleared and grass sown and mulched. Sol Maglio, the project's chairman organized the event with help from Jim Borchert.

A committee headed by Bill Sonzogoni spent long hours working on and providing information to TU chapters to ensure the DNR proposed trout regulations were passed. Their efforts are appreciated.

This summer, a section of Black Earth Co., the Zander property, will be revitalized. Last summer DNR and TU placed a number of lumber structures in the upper part of this property. This spring many trout were using the structures. It was decided that more structures should be placed in the stretch downstream. Work on the property will include lumber structures, rip rapping and fencing. So. Wisc. TU will assist the DNR with \$3,000 and man power as needed.

The Fourth Annual Outing for the Developmentally Disabled was on June 10.

Aldo Leopold Chapter

The chapter held two work days in April. On April 1, a group of members, friends and Scouts gathered at Poynette to do some beaver dam removal on Hinkson Creek. A small group of members did additional beaver dam removal work on two other Columbia County streams, on April 29. Jennings Creek and Roelke Creek benefited from the effort.

The chapter is also cooperating with Fond Du Lac County in a project on Parsons Creek near Lomira.

Member Lee Parker conducted a successful fly-tying class during the winter months. It was a great opportunity to socialize, learn and speed up the arrival of this year's fishing season.

Upcoming events, still in the preparatory stages are a fishing outing for handicapped citizens and a chapter banquet.

COMING EVENTS

AUGUST

- 5 Work day: North Branch of the Embarrass River with the Shaw-Paca chapter 9:00a.m.
- 26 Work day: West Branch of the White River with the Central Wisconsin chapter

SEPTEMBER

- 21 Trap Shoot with the Harry Nohr chapter
- 23 Work day: North Branch of the Embarrass River with the Shaw-Paca chapter
- 24-27 American/Soviet Hunters and Fishermen's conference in Racine, WI.

OCTOBER

- 14 Wolf River chapter's annual banquet
- 21 Work day: North Branch of the Embarrass River with the Shaw-Paca chapter